Laser printstation runs complex graphics fast

Multibus II, VMEbus battle

Pyramid challenges DEC with calculated RISC
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SHIP TO: Advanced Systems Inc.
77 Industry Drive
San Francisco, CA 94108
Attention: Mark Dickerson
(415) 445-3000

REF. NO. \

SHIPPING MEMO NO. 87121

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<td>iSDM 286 R.O</td>
<td>286 System Debug Mo</td>
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You've heard the announcements about MULTIBUS II specs. But now there's an even more spectacular announcement:
The first wave of MULTIBUS II products is here.
Take the 286/100 Single Board Computer. It's the first commercially available 286-based board that runs at 8 MHz. It also introduces the iLBX II interface and is iSBX compatible.
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There's software support, too, with the iRMX 86 MULTIBUS II support package. It supports the same tools, languages and utilities as the iRMX 86 operating system. And for software development support, the iSDM 286 System Debug Monitor is also available. So you'll be up and running in no time with products based on the advanced MULTIBUS II architecture.
We designed the 32-bit MULTIBUS II architecture to give you a quantum leap in performance where you need it: in a multiprocessing environment.
To get such radically improved performance we had to redefine bus architectures with radically advanced concepts.
Like distributed arbitration. It breaks the bus access bottleneck and helps maximize system level performance for multiprocessing environments.
And we're taking a unique approach to interprocessor communication. It's called message passing. It'll free up the CPU from bus management tasks and put it back to work on your application.
And the MULTIBUS II architecture has the reliability to back up that performance — reliability that surpasses everything else commercially available.
How?
By being the first open systems bus to incorporate parity protection on address, data and control lines. By being the only bus that allows every board to perform self-test.
Even the 32-bit bus interface is reliable. It not only fits onto one DIN connector, but it's been designed to be integrated onto one VLSI chip. And that's more reliable than two or three or more.
But the most important feature of MULTIBUS II is that Intel and other manufacturers are already working on dozens more MULTIBUS II products.
Just the kinds of products you need to meet the needs of your market.
For complete information, call us toll free at (800) 538-1876. Or write Intel Corporation, Lit. Dept. W225, 3065 Bowers Avenue, Santa Clara, CA 95051.
So don't miss this bus. Because you could have a short ride on any other.
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Announcing
the Q200™
intelligent
disk drive.

The first half-high, 5¼-inch disk drive with the brains and the capacity (53 and 80MB, formatted) to outwit high costs now, and in generations of systems yet to come. And the first disk drive smart enough to step beyond simply enhancing peripheral functionality, to improving total system performance.

We combined the drive and controller as a fully functional mass storage unit to give you a number of advantages. Controller/drive interfacing problems are eliminated, and it takes a lot less time to test and integrate a single component.

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And like every Quantum drive that's come before it, our latest brain child was born to run longer, on less power, with fewer parts. This lean breeding not only delivers more in your system, but makes it possible for us to deliver the Q200 to you in very high volumes. At prices that will make this baby look very, very smart, indeed.

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Our 200E hard disk drives are the lowest-priced medium capacity (13-53 Mbyte) 5¼" drives on the market. Technology, not compromise, gives you this price advantage. Our leadership in microprocessor-controlled stepper motor design has enabled us to bypass expensive closed loop voice coil actuators, giving you optimum performance at a significant savings.

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Repeating the IBM Corp. PC-lookalike scenario of a few years ago, a half dozen or so manufacturers have introduced clones of IBM's Intel Corp. 80286-based PC-AT microcomputer. The reason? Without a doubt, the IBM PC-AT will become both a standalone and a multiuser de facto standard. Indeed, market research company Future Computing Inc. estimates that 102,000 AT-compatibles will be shipped in 1985, 418,000 in 1986 and 718,000 in 1987.

Because IBM immediately ran into chip and disk drive production and delivery problems, AT-compatible makers quickly rushed their products to market. But most industry analysts believe the AT-compatible market window will soon shut. That is, once IBM ramps up to production delivery quantities, the AT-lookalikes will be on the outside looking in.

In fact, Arthur D. Little Inc.'s Information Systems Consulting Group claims that IBM's AT order backlog delivery has shrunk to one and a half months, compared to nine months earlier this year. In addition, market research concern International Data Corp. predicts that 1985 PC-AT shipments will total 300,000 units, compared to just 25,000 units in 1984.

To survive this onslaught, then, AT-compatible makers must follow Clone Rule No. 1: furnish more functionality at much less cost. Unfortunately for the clone makers, though, IBM PC-AT buyers appear to be patient. They have not clamored for AT-compatibles from such vendors as Compaq Computer Corp., Corona Data Systems Inc., Kaypro Corp., NCR Corp., TeleVideo Systems Inc., Texas Instruments Inc. and Zenith Data Systems. Marketing independently, these vendors supply a mixed bag of performance features. Some include monitors; some don't. The number of flexible and hard disk drives, plug-in cards and expansion slots vary. Clock rates differ. Application software compatibility blurs. And prices range from about $2,500 to $7,000.

The key questions, then, are which AT-compatible products will survive? And how? Obviously, the answers center on marketing basics: product reliability, quality and service. Other important success criteria focus on system configuration, integration and implementation. For example, Compaq Computer has achieved immense sales through its vast dealer distribution channel. Likewise, Texas Instruments employs the value-added reseller channel.

In other words, knowledgeable system integrators can solve your PC-AT-based computer system problems. They have the skill to sift and sort through the numerous AT-compatible feature and price combinations and permutations to meet your needs. Now it's okay to send in the clones.

George V. Kotelly
Editor-in-Chief
What is a clustered workstation?
Get more than you bargained for.

A powerful high-performance, VME based graphics workstation that’s easy to upgrade to the MC68020.

Upgrades to the new Motorola 68020 are as easy as a single board swap in the Optimum V Series. And when you’re ready to add on even more processing power, you have a wide range of sophisticated Integrated Solutions’ products to choose from. Peripherals. Packaging alternatives. Performance features. Applications. All at low incremental cost.

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Transet 1000: The print buffer, communications buffer, port expander, printer sharer and I/O switcher. All in one.

Anyone with a personal computer and one or more peripherals has faced the all-too-familiar dilemma. You need your computer to do an important job. But you're forced to wait for the system to finish one job (printing, communicating, whatever) before you can go on to the next one. Or you need to stop what you're doing to switch cables when you want to use another peripheral.

Wait no more. Now Hayes introduces an innovative new device that lets you perform many jobs—at the same time—independent of your computer, Transet 1000. It works with a wide range of systems and configurations. And it allows you to continually expand your system as your needs grow.

Transet 1000 frees your computer from waiting on your printer or modem—so you and your computer can go on to another task. It even lets you print out documents in pre-set formats without having to go back into your computer. At the same time, Transet 1000 can operate unattended mailbox communications—24 hours a day—even if your computer is turned off.

In addition, Transet 1000 is a port expander and software-controlled I/O switcher. Now files can be easily directed and redirected to different peripherals, without physically changing cable connections.

Transet 1000 contains a standalone microprocessor, and comes with 128K of memory. It operates with any RS-232 interface computer, and has optional accessory kits available for the IBM "PC and PC XT, Macintosh" and Apple IIc. Kits contain the necessary host cable, a user guide and menu-driven software that lets you graphically set up or customize port parameters and printing formats. Cables available for IBM PC AT; other computers and peripherals.

Like all Hayes products, Transet 1000 combines sophisticated capabilities with easy operation. Just as Hayes set the standard in personal computer communications, now Hayes is taking the lead in computer task management.

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Hayes products now available under GSA Contract No. GS00K065AGS080.
To the editor:
The February 1985 issue of Mini-Micro Systems has an incorrect address listed for our client Scientific Micro Systems. For future reference, the correct address is:
Scientific Micro Systems
339 N. Bernardo Ave.
Mountain View, Calif. 94043
Carolyn Demeter
Publicity Coordinator
Cortani, Brown, Rigoli
Advertising and Public Relations
2073 Landings Drive
Mountain View, Calif. 94043

To the editor:
Concerning the article on Ada validation in Europe that appears in Mini-Micro Systems, November 1984, Page E1 (MMS European edition), I would be grateful if you would correct several facts.
There exist two European-based validation centers. The first one is B.N.I. (Bureau d’Orientation de la Normalisation en Informatique) that received its charter from the Ada Validation Office (AVO) on September 10, 1984. The second one (IABG) received its charter on September 21, 1984.
B.N.I. in December of last year validated the first European industrial Ada compiler, ALSYCOMP 0001. The compiler was developed at Alsys SA [La Celle Saint Cloud, France]. Alsys is the company of J. Ichbiah, who is the principal author of the Ada programming language. This compiler is a cross-compiler hosted on several VAX machines running VMS. It executes code on an Altos MC68000-based computer running UNIX System III.
The pre-validation was done in November and the official validation started on December 8. The validation report was signed by R. Mathis, director of the AVO, on December 14, 1984.
This validation was the first executed with the version 1-5 of the validation test suite.
N. Malagardis
Director
Bureau d’Orientation de la Normalisation en Informatique
Rocquencourt, France
You can see the simplicity of UNIFY's menu-based design and Query-By-Forms capability. Witness the power of its SQL query language and RPT™ report writer. Companion documentation details UNIFY's easy forms design, multiple security features and unmatched host language interface—and proves why this is the one DBMS that can keep pace with your needs.

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Introducing the new COMPAQ PORTABLE 286™
More features, more speed...more useful.

Most people think the IBM® Personal Computer-AT™ can do more than any other personal computer. But now COMPAQ offers a personal computer that does more in a package half the size, complete with a handle.

Incredibly fast
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Does more—anywhere
Together, all these features add up to our fastest, most powerful portable computer. It helps you do more, in more places.
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The new COMPAQ DESKPRO 286™. With up to 8.2 Megabytes of memory and 70 Megabytes of storage, it can take you beyond today’s limits of desktop personal computing.
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For a free brochure or the location of your nearest Authorized COMPAQ Computer Dealer, call toll-free 1-800-231-0900 and ask for operator 6.

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Realtime Interface. Whether laboratory data acquisition or process control, PRO/VENIX has unique capabilities that let you create the environment you need. Pre-emptive priorities. Interprocess communication. Shared data segments. Asynchronous I/O. And process timing with suspension units as small as 1/60th of a second.

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Powerful tools are useless without a strong company that can deliver service, support, and long-term commitment. The Digital Commitment—87,000 people in over 660 engineering, service, sales, and manufacturing facilities worldwide devoted to delivering high-quality products and service.

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Isn't it time you had tools powerful enough to create the UNIX applications you envision?

CIRCLE NO. 13 ON INQUIRY CARD
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Simple.
Just plug in the CXI 3270 PC connection. It's an add-in board with software. And it can turn your IBM* PC, XT, AT or compatible into a full-featured coaxial- or modem-attached 3270 PC. Just like that.
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The coaxial connection attaches to a 3274 cluster controller. While the modem connection lets you work remotely without the need for a controller.
It gets better.
Our 3270 PC connection lets you use inexpensive PC-attached printers in place of host-addressable IBM 3287s. And it can run all the software already written for the IBM PC.
What's more, international keyboard mapping and file transfer come standard.
For those who don't require full 3270 PC capability, we also offer the CXI 3278/79 PLUS PC connection. It's not your everyday 3278/79 emulator. Rather, it lets you work with one host session, one PC program and two notepads—concurrently.
So for more information about our line of CONNECTWARE™ products, or for the name of your nearest distributor, call 800/221-6402. In California, call 415/424-0700. Or write CXI, Inc., 3606 West Bayshore Road, Palo Alto, CA 94303. TELEX 821945.
And find out how to turn the PCs you have into the 3270 PCs you need.
IBM SET TO LAUNCH ‘PC II’ WITH PROPRIETARY 32-BIT PROCESSOR

IBM Corp. is expected to debut by the end of September the “PC II,” its much-anticipated successor to the PC. The new machine is said to employ a proprietary 32-bit chip, at least temporarily ending IBM’s reliance on Intel Corp.’s 8086 processor family and more closely tying microcomputer users to IBM’s own operating systems and software. The new microcomputer reportedly will have a built-in, 40M-byte hard disk drive and incorporate IBM’s Logic Unit 6.2 Systems Network Architecture protocol, which will permit linked devices to communicate with each other directly on a peer-to-peer basis. The PC II is also said to be extremely communications-oriented and most likely will be the foundation of the company’s long-awaited token-passing local area network.—J. Victor

CORVUS-ONYX MERGER NEARS COMPLETION

The Securities and Exchange Commission is expected to give its final blessing later this month to the merger of Corvus Systems Inc. and Onyx + IMI Inc. The two San Jose, Calif., companies hope the marriage will capitalize on individual corporate strengths: Corvus in local area networks and Onyx in UNIX-based multiuser systems. Both companies have felt the slump in the industry—Corvus with a loss of $6.5 million on sales of $53.2 million for its fiscal year ending May 31, and Onyx with a $4.6 million loss on revenues of $19.3 million through its third quarter ending in June. Corvus hopes to leverage Onyx’s muscle in OEM distribution channels for a new networking scheme to be introduced next month.—M. Seither

TURBO-CARD TECHNOLOGY TAKES ANOTHER STEP

Applied Reasoning Corp. (ARC), Cambridge, Mass., has pushed IBM Corp.-PC “turbo-card” technology a step further. Besides providing a 7.2-MHz, Intel Corp. 80286 processor with up to 2M bytes of RAM on one plug-in card, ARC’s PC-elevATor loads its own PC basic input/output system emulator from a supplied disk. This “softboard” approach lets the 80286 run “upstairs” while the PC’s own 8088 runs “downstairs” as an I/O processor. ARC claims the board boosts AT performance by 50 percent while maintaining total PC compatibility. PC-elevATor supports an optional 5- or 8-MHz Intel 80287 arithmetic coprocessor, and the autoexec-loadable “softboard” software additionally provides RAMdisk, disk-cache and print-spooler capabilities.—A. Kaplan

ASHTON-TATE OFFERS CUSTOM dBASE III TO VARs

Ashton-Tate hopes to attract value-added resellers with an enhanced version of its dBASE III programming language. Called Developer’s Release and unavailable through the retail channel, it is part of a larger effort by the Culver City, Calif., software company to get VARs to bundle their
proprietary applications around Ashton-Tate products, such as Framework. The release includes a number of utilities to encrypt custom applications and link program files, as well as a debugging facility not available in the current retail dBASE III. More than 50 enhancements to the programming language are said to be included in the $695 Developer’s Release.—M. Seither

BULLETIN BOARD TRACKS DELAYED EXPORT LICENSES

The Department of Defense has initiated an electronic bulletin board to help exporters track their export licenses by telephone. Called the Export License Status Advisor (ELISA), the service can be used to check the progress of export license applications that have been referred from the Department of Commerce to the DOD for review. ELISA’s phone number is (202) 697-6109.—S. Shaw

MULTIMATE TO RUN ON MINIS AND MAINFRAMES

Multimate International Corp. recently announced plans to sell minicomputer and mainframe computer versions of its popular Professional Word Processor software. The East Hartford, Conn., company will support IBM Corp.’s System/36 minicomputer architecture and VM and MVS mainframe operating systems. The System/36 version will be priced from $1,800 to $2,200, while mainframe versions will range from $20,000 to $30,000. Delivery will reportedly begin in the first quarter of 1986. Multimate is also developing word-processing software for minicomputers manufactured by Data General Corp., Digital Equipment Corp. and Prime Computer Inc.—L. Haber

MITSUBISHI READIES NEW THERMAL-TRANSFER GRAPHICS PRINTERS

Mitsubishi Electronics America Inc., Torrance, Calif., revealed a series of black-and-white and color thermal-transfer graphics printers at the National Computer Conference in Chicago in July, for possible product introduction early in 1986. The monochrome Models P-60 and P-70 and the color Model P-100 provide 160-dot-per-inch (dpi) resolution on 8 1/2-inch and 5-inch paper. The company also showed the Model G-650 thermal-transfer graphics printer. The bit-mapped unit can handle B-size (17-inch-by-22-inch) paper and prints 1 page per minute with 300-dpi resolution. Planned for formal introduction in November, the G-650 will cost under $4,500.—C. Warren

TECH FILES: A QUICK LOOK AT INDUSTRY DEVELOPMENTS

MICRO FILES: Panasonic Industrial Co. of Secaucus, N.J., has introduced the Exec. Partner, an IBM Corp. PC-compatible computer with a 25-line-by-80-column plasma display and a built-in 30- or 60-character-per-second thermal printer. The system uses an Intel Corp. 16-bit, 80862 CPU running at 4.77
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CIRCLE NO. 18 ON INQUIRY CARD

"See us at FCC Booth #1262"
or 7.16 MHz, the MS-DOS 2.11 operating system and the BASICA version 2.0 programing language. It comes with 256K bytes of RAM, expandable to 640K bytes, two 5¼-inch, 360K-byte floppy disk drives, an 80872 math coprocessor socket and serial and parallel ports. The system is priced at $2,595.—E. Milauskas

DISK FILES: Canon Inc. plans October availability of its Canofile System 5500, a combination optical-disk and microfilm electronic filing system. With a picture density of 400 dots per inch to produce half-tone images in 64 tonal gradations, the 5500 reads originals with an optical scanner, codes them and either stores or prints them with a light-emitting-diode laser printer. Images are stored on 20-cm diameter, double-sided optical disks that store 1G byte per side. The system includes a mouse and multiple windowing that allows the operator to switch from one function to another, making copies from microfilm or entering data. The suggested price of about $58,800 will include terminal scanner, printer, optical disk drive, microfilm scanner and automatic cartridge loader.—I. Kakehashi

SOFTWARE FILES: Lexidata Corp., Billerica, Mass., has introduced a “Virtual Window Manager” option for its Lex/90 graphics system that gives users a real-time, true-color windowing environment. A refinement of standard bit-map technology, Virtual Window Manager works by dropping the bit-map display into a buffer memory rather than directly onto the screen. A processor then selects and displays whatever segments, or windows, of that bit map the user wishes to see. The local processor can manipulate or modify the segments in the buffer, freeing the host machine’s CPU for other tasks. Virtual Window Manager can support up to eight active windows, display solid overlays and perform panning and scrolling of graphics. It is priced $3,000 higher than the $17,000 to $23,000 Lex/90 itself.—M. Tucker

PORTABLE FILES: Signs of maturity are beginning to show in Hewlett-Packard Co.’s baby laptop computer. The Portable Plus, which the Palo Alto, Calif., computer maker began shipping several weeks ago, is an enhanced version of the HP 110 portable. HP has expanded memory capacity on the Portable Plus from 272K bytes to 896K bytes and opened up the system to accept a variety of ROM cartridges for software packages, among them Lotus Development Corp.’s 1-2-3 and Microsoft Corp.’s Word. The liquid crystal display has grown too, from 16 to 25 lines, and an optional 300/1,200-bits-per-second modem is offered instead of the built-in 300-bps unit. The only reduction is in price—down 30 percent to $2,295.—M. Seither

NCC FILES: Providing six standard fonts with an option for an additional 25, Enter Computer Corp.’s TYP-SET graphic arts lettering software, demonstrated at the National Computer Conference in Chicago in July, generates high-quality lettering with variable spacing, shading and coloring, and character
size from ¼ inch to 72 inches. The San Diego company reports that the $299 package works with virtually all plotters. Additional sets of four fonts each are priced at $199.—C. Warren

The battle for the low-end, alphanumeric terminal market has gotten even hotter with the announcement by Lear Siegler Inc., Anaheim, Calif., of its ADM 3E, priced at $399. The new terminal incorporates seven programmable keys for 14 functions, a standard 14-inch green or amber screen, dynamically allocated function-key memory, basic editing capabilities and an optional bidirectional printer port with independent baud rate. Lear Siegler has also introduced its first two color graphics terminals, Models 7105 and 7107, previously marketed as the Envision Models 220 and 230, respectively.—B. MacDonald

Digital Communications Associates Inc., Alpharetta, Ga., has introduced Fastlink, an asynchronous modem that transmits information over
ordinary phone lines at speeds of up to 10,000 bits per second, thanks to a unique method of encoding and modulation. Fastlink is available in either an IBM Corp. PC-compatible printed-card version for $1,995, including communications software, or as a standalone unit for $2,395, excluding software.—E. Milauskas

**Fujitsu America Inc.,** San Jose, Calif., has expanded its range of storage devices with the M244XAC streaming-tape drive and the M2451A half-inch cartridge-tape drive. The streaming-tape unit features cache buffer, IBM Corp. and ANSI compatibility and variable data-transfer rates from 60K bytes per second to 1M byte per second, with a total of 180M bytes of storage. Pricing is $6,760 in OEM quantities. The M2451A half-inch cartridge-tape drive can store 120M bytes, features an ESDI level drive interface and comes in the 5¼-inch form factor. Dual streaming-tape speeds are 75 inches per second (ips) and 50 ips; and 50 ips start/stop. OEM-quantity pricing is $1,800.—B. MacDonald

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CIRCLE NO. 19 ON INQUIRY CARD
Mike Seither
Associate Western Editor

When Pyramid Technology Corp. introduced its first reduced-instruction-set computer (RISC) two years ago, the strategy was clear: carve out a piece of the high-end UNIX market by taking on Digital Equipment Corp.'s superminicomputer, the VAX 11/780.

By last March, a year after Pyramid began shipping its first RISC product—the 32-bit 90X—in volume, the Mountain View, Calif., company had racked up sales totaling $25 million in such diverse markets as aerospace and office automation.

Now the privately held company is ready to confront DEC's latest powerhouse—the VAX 8600—with a new, beefed-up superminicomputer of its own, the 98X. Not only do Pyramid officials believe the 98X will outperform the VAX 8600 in busy, multitasking UNIX environments but they also intend to price it 70 percent to 75 percent below similarly outfitted entry-level DEC machines (see "How the Pyramid 98X and VAX 8600 compare," Page 35).

Pyramiding performance

The 98X uses the same RISC architecture that Pyramid implemented in its 90X. Based on a RISC chip developed at the University of California at Berkeley, the 90X uses fast Schottky TTL logic and a series of overlapping 32-bit registers that allow 16 levels of procedure calls without performing a save-and-recall operation. The intensive use of registers (528 in all) and a simplified set of instructions make up the backbone of Pyramid's 90X and 98X architecture. That results, say Pyramid officials and other proponents of RISC machines, in fewer general commands for the system to execute. It also makes it possible for RISC machines to run high-level languages, such as C, more efficiently than can computers with complex instruction sets.

"The 98X reflects an evolutionary rather than revolutionary change in product design [over the 90X]," says Paul Lego, Pyramid's product manager for systems and peripherals. "For a typical large-user UNIX system, we believe we have at least equivalent performance to a VAX 8600, and perhaps 30 percent to 50 percent more."

The key features of the 98X include a faster cycle time than the 90X (100 nsec, from 125 nsec), a new "isoprocessor" system with two fully symmetrical CPUs, a redesigned I/O subsystem to take advantage of faster disk drives, double storage capacity and a new tape drive. In addition, Pyramid incorporated into its proprietary OSX operating system the enhancements to UNIX System V that AT&T Information Systems introduced earlier this
year. These enhancements include record and file locking.

**Second CPU frees slaves**

Unlike the 90X, which has a single CPU, the 98X is designed around two “equal” processors to speed up performance. According to Lego, part of the problem of running UNIX on a single-CPU system is that the processor must dedicate as much as 50 percent of its time to handling UNIX kernel calls such as read, write, fork and execute. That kernel activity slows down system performance. According to Lego, part of the problem of running UNIX on a single-CPU system is that the processor must dedicate as much as 50 percent of its time to handling UNIX kernel calls such as read, write, fork and execute. That kernel activity slows down system performance.

Pyramid claims to have solved this problem with a “semaphore” mechanism that allows both user and kernel code to execute on either of the two symmetrical CPUs. The semaphore system protects critical sequences of code and controls simultaneous access to kernel data structures.

**More drives added**

The benefit of the dual-processor architecture, says Lego, is throughput that is 1.6 to 1.8 times faster than a single-processor machine. And, unlike a master/slave design, if one of the CPUs on the 98X fails, the system can still operate when rebooted, though with degradation in performance.

Another major change in the 98X is a reduction in the number of I/O subsystem boards from five to two. One board contains controllers for tape drive, Ethernet and printer. The other has a disk controller with an extended storage-module-device interface and an I1M-byte-per-second, general-purpose I/O channel that can support another eight external disk drives.

The 98X will still support Motorola Inc. MC68000-based Multibus adapters used for many I/O functions in the original machine. Consequently, Pyramid can offer customers features such as a second Ethernet link or other communications capability.

The I/O subsystem connects to Pyramid’s proprietary Xtend bus, the 32M-byte-per-second, message-based spine that also connects the CPUs, memory and intelligent-terminal processors, each of which supports up to 16 users.

Pyramid has doubled the disk storage capacity in the 98X by using smaller half-height NEC Corp. drives. A pair of the 470M-byte (formatted) drives occupies the same space inside the 98X as does the single 456M-byte drive in the 90X. The new drives have a maximum transfer rate of 2.45M bytes per second, up from 1.8M bytes per second on the older drives.

Other enhancements include a 125-inch-per-second, 6,250-bit-per-second tape and an increase in standard main memory from 16M to 32M bytes.

**Version designed for VARs**

Chick Krahling, Pyramid’s marketing manager, says the entry-level 98X will sell for considerably less than a VAX 8600 configured with the same basic equipment. “We don’t want to be any more than 75 percent of DEC’s price on the 8600,” he says.

According to Krahling, about 80 percent of Pyramid’s business comes from direct sales. But he adds that in order for the company to achieve sustained growth rates, it will have to concentrate on reaching value-added resellers. As part of that effort, Pyramid has introduced the 90XE—a bare-bones version of its original machine—
which will be targeted at system integrators and priced at about $85,000.

For that price, users will get a 16-user system with 2M bytes of main memory, a single 160M-byte disk drive, a 5¼-inch cartridge tape drive and the OSX operating system, all housed in a 29-inch-high cabinet.

For a young company, Pyramid seems to be gaining a solid reputation in the UNIX marketplace, says editor Deborah Hurst. Hurst is with the "Yates Perspective," a newsletter published by market research company Yates Ventures Inc., Berkeley, Calif. "Pyramid's dual port of [UNIX] System V and Berkeley [UNIX Version] 4.2 was very clean," says Hurst. "I've heard no criticism of the 90X whatsoever." According to Yates Ventures, DEC will have 440 of its VAX 11/780 units in the market by the year-end, while Pyramid is expected to have 310 90X systems installed.

DEC's new entries shaped for CAD/CAE markets

Eileen Milauskas, Assistant Editor

Digital Equipment Corp.'s MicroVAX II and VAXstation II product lines, introduced in May, are expected to put DEC into not only the low-end segment of the small-business/technical/industrial market for supermicrocomputers but also into the high-performance workstation market traditionally held by Apollo Computer Inc. and Sun Microsystems Inc. However, the products may have the most impact on DEC's own minicomputer product line.

Based on 32-bit VLSI technology, the MicroVAX II employs DEC's 78032 processor and includes a floating-point coprocessor. According to DEC officials, the systems will offer 85 percent of the performance of the VAX 11/780. A $9,700 field-upgrade kit, available for the MicroVAX I, includes a MicroVAX II CPU with 1M byte of on-board memory. Computer industry analysts say the four-user configuration of the MicroVAX II should prove the most significant in opening new markets for DEC, particularly in the small-business sector.

Like the MicroVAX II, the VAXstation II employs a VLSI-chip implementation of the VAX system. The system targets the engineering, commercial, educational and computer-graphics markets and will serve computer-aided engineering, computer-aided design, software engineering and development applications. The monitor emulates DEC VT100 and Tektronix Inc. 4014 terminals. DEC provides licenses for the MicroVMS operating system, MicroVMS workstation software and graphical kernel system software.

Will open new doors

According to Masimo Dezzani, principal marketing specialist for DEC's supermicrocomputer systems, "The MicroVAX II and the VAXstation II are going to provide access to a lot of marketplaces that in the past we have not done as well in, such as in CAD/CAE." Dezzani attributes DEC's anticipated entrance into the CAD/CAM arena to the floating-point capability both systems offer and to the fact that many OEMs already have application packages written on the VAX/VMS software.

Dezzani says users of the new systems "will begin to see performance that will start rivaling" DEC's VAX 11/780 minicomputer.

Kenneth G. Bosomworth, president
of International Resource Development Inc. (IRD), a Norwalk, Conn., market research concern, maintains that the MicroVAX II and the VAXstation II “will not kill the [VAX 11] 780, but there are a number of applications in which the VAXstation II will be used. The 780 still proves to be better in scientific number-crunching applications, whereas the new systems are better in signal-processing and image-handling applications.”

**Threatens earlier products**

But some are worried about the effect the MicroVAX II and VAXstation II will have on DEC’s higher end minicomputer models, the 11/725, 11/730 and 11/750. “It obviously wipes out the 725 and 730, and it will impact over half of the potential 750 sales,” says William Rosser, vice president, small computer systems at the Gartner Group, a market researcher in Stamford, Conn. Because the 11/750 can be clustered, however, some demand for the system will continue, he says, adding that the follow-up product to the MicroVAX II, which will have an improved I/O structure, will replace the 11/750. The result will be a high-low structure within DEC’s product line, with the 8600 on one end and the MicroVAX II on the other, Rosser says.

The key question is whether DEC’s technical-workstation product line poses a severe threat to companies such as Sun and Apollo which have had the computer workstation market largely to themselves. Many agree that the move will strengthen DEC’s installed base by attracting the 40,000 VAX users to lower end computing. Brad Smith, associate director of research in the Technical Computer Systems Industry Service at Dataquest Inc., San Jose, Calif., shares this view: “DEC is answering the needs of its customer base by offering a physically small computer with high-quality graphics and the ability to network to a VAX, all at the right price.”

But how many non-VAX workstation users will DEC’s new line attract? Sandy Gant of market-research concern InfoCorp, San Jose, thinks Apollo and Sun will hold their own in the non-VAX market. “Clearly, in DEC accounts, DEC will do a good job of locking out its competition. But people will still want to buy Apollo and Sun...
systems because of the application software that they run.”

But IRD’s Bosomworth thinks all vendors of engineering and scientific microcomputer systems are in trouble. “They have been dealt a blow from two separate ends,” he says. “IBM’s introduction of the PC-AT represented a blow from the bottom end of the supermicrocomputer market, and now DEC is hitting them from the other end. IBM is increasing performance while DEC is decreasing price. Pretty soon there will not be a niche left for the smaller microcomputer vendors.”

**Networking will impact**

Analysts comparing Sun and Apollo graphics workstations to DEC’s VAXstation II note the Sun product is the closest in price. Sun’s model 2/120, using a 68010 microprocessor with a floating-point unit, 2M bytes of memory, a 20M-byte tape drive and a 420-byte disk drive, is priced at $33,400. Apollo’s Domain 320 is priced at $36,650. It holds 3M bytes of memory and uses a 16/32-bit, 68010 microprocessor with floating-point capability.

“The thing that is making Sun and Apollo successful is distributed processing and the integration of graphics and networking,” says Dataquest’s Smith. “The MicroVAX II and VAXstation II are systems that do not have that kind of software yet.” Smith adds that the DEC system lacks true transparency in its file sharing among multiple users.

Apollo’s systems and graphics manager, Lou Reynolds, identifies DEC’s networking capability as the major weakness of the system. DEC’s networking system, DECnet, is based on Ethernet protocols. “It is not similar in any way to the transparent-file and resource-sharing capability that has made Apollo unique in the industry,” Reynolds says.

Tom Fisher, DEC’s senior marketing specialist for VAX workstations, acknowledges that transparency “requires some level of setup. VMS facilitates this under DECnet and Ethernet.” This extra step, he says, is bridged by a network manager who sets up a “hunt list” which checks the local node and distributed nodes for a file.

Carol Bartz, vice president of marketing at Sun, believes her company has the edge over the VAXstation II because Sun has an open-systems concept facilitated by the Berkeley UNIX Version 4.2 operating system and Sun’s Ethernet network. “DEC worries more about connecting to itself than it does to the outside world,” she says. “The computing environment today is heterogeneous. You’ve got to be able to connect to a lot of different computers.”

Analysts and competitors criticize the lack of a color monitor on the VAXstation II. Apollo’s Reynolds states, “What defines a workstation is not only a dedicated computing engine but also integrated graphics and integrated networking. Especially in those price bands where they are targeting the machine, color seems to be the dominant market demand and is becoming a de facto standard.”

Recognizing this deficiency, DEC later announced a color workstation, named the VAXstation 520, which comes with a 19-inch, Tektronix 4125 monitor with 1,280-by-1,024-pixel resolution. Based on the floating-point processor incorporated into the MicroVAX II, the unit runs the MicroVMS operating system and stores 2M bytes of memory. It performs 2-D transforms and offers windows with up to 64 viewports. The workstation is priced at $42,790.

**How much of a threat?**

Sun and Apollo see DEC as a major player in expanding the technical-workstation market, consequently opening new markets for them. Sun’s Bartz says, “DEC has legitimized the technical workstation market, but Sun doesn’t feel threatened.” Apollo’s Reynolds concurs, “We can grow along with that market even though we may be losing market share.”

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**Silicon design gives system integrators new role**

**Michael Tucker, Associate Editor**

Advances in the automated design of VLSI circuits are giving system integrators the power to work at the chip level. Where, traditionally, integrators have restricted themselves to the board level or above, new computer-aided design/computer-aided engineering services now make it possible for them to work at the circuit level.

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**With the Concorde VLSI compiler from Seattle Silicon, shown here on a Valid Logic Scalddstar workstation, a system integrator merely draws a block diagram of a desired circuit (seen on screen) and the compiler responds with a system-level schematic of that circuit.**
to exploit semicustom integrated circuits (ICs) or even to configure entire systems in silicon.

"Clearly, system integrators are going to get involved at the chip level," says Andrew Rappaport, president of the market research company The Technology Group Inc., Boston. "I think there will be some very large fortunes coming out of semicustom ICs. Fortunes both for the people who market the tools that make it possible, and for the people who apply those tools."

Three things are turning system integrators into IC developers: new chip fabrication companies—"silicon supermarkets"—that offer one-stop shopping for circuit design and manufacture; design techniques that make chip layout resemble system configuration; and "silicon compilers," CAD tools that allow developers with almost no chip-design experience to design integrated circuits.

**VLSI vaults to victory**

VLSI chips are tailor-made for vendors selling into vertical markets. By shrinking entire boards (and, in some cases, even entire card cages) into a sliver of silicon, VLSI technology can reduce the cost and size of systems by several orders of magnitude. "A chip may cost $10 more than the ICs it replaces, but it may save me $100 to $1,000 in the system as a whole," notes B.P. Agrawah, senior director for advanced development of M/A Com Telecommunications, Germantown, Md. The company recently incorporated semicustom ICs into its line of data-communications products.

Primarily, system integrators didn't exploit VLSI technology because VLSI chips were designed by hand by IC specialists—an expensive, complicated task requiring extensive, esoteric knowledge. Now, however, the silicon supermarkets, which are CAE concerns, gently take system integrators by the hand and lead them through the wilderness of chip design.

M/A Com Telecommunications, for example, picked VLSI Technology Inc. (VTI), San Jose, Calif., to help develop ICs for its line of data communications products. VTI maintains design centers across the country where its customers can consult with IC engineers, take classes in chip design, use workstations operating on VTI's own CAD software and transmit completed designs via leased line to VTI's fabrication facilities.

One of VTI's particular strengths is "standard-cell" design. When system integrators become VTI customers, they receive access to a catalog of chip components or "cells"—literally everything from individual transistors to complete microprocessors. They can use VTI's software, either on VTI's machines or their own, to lay out the chip using these components. VTI then contracts for the chip's manufacture.

As cells grow more complex, the task of standard-cell designing falls increasingly to system integrators, because the cells themselves become more like system components. VTI, for example, markets what it calls "megacells," such as microprocessors, RAMs, ROMs and CRT controllers—the sort of products, in short, that system integrators already know as boards. Stepping down to chip level, particularly with CAE workstations to ease the transition, is relatively easy.

**Compilers configure full custom**

Semicustom chips are so called because they incorporate standard elements—such as cells—into a custom configuration. They are not quite so fast, nor so small, as fully customized designs done by human craftsmen.

But the new CAD tools, silicon compilers, are starting to bring authentic custom design into striking range of automation. In principle, these compilers accept a designer's high-level description of a circuit and respond with a completed design of the chip—just as regular software compilers convert programs written in high-level languages into machine code.

**Concorde takes off**

For example, Seattle Silicon Technology, Bellevue, Wash., introduced in October 1984 its Concorde compiler software. While Concorde is actually a cell compiler much like VTI's design tools, rather than a true silicon compiler, Concorde still manages to bring custom IC design into the range of

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**A new industry defines its terms**

**Silicon compiler:** a device which automatically converts a designer's chip specifications into a completed integrated-circuit (IC) design. Silicon compilers should be distinguished from "cell compilers," which automate the design of major chip components—"cells"—and then may or may not assist in the layout of those cells into the completed circuit.

**Silicon foundry:** an IC-fabrication facility which manufactures chips to the specifications of independent customers. In theory, a silicon foundry would never market its own line of standardized, "merchant" chips.

**Semicustom IC:** a chip containing standardized parts which are then arranged for custom applications. There are two methods most often used to produce semicustom ICs. In the "gate array" method, chips are mass-produced with dense coats of transistors, and connections are laid out between those transistors to fit the applications. This is the quickest way to get a chip into production, but it's also wasteful of transistors. In the "standard cell" technique, chips are configured using standard components—such as RAMs, ROMs, microprocessors—from a catalog supplied by a semiconductor IC vendor.
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Irma takes the VLSI plunge

Silicon supermarkets—chip fabrication companies that can supply developers with all their computer-aided engineering needs under one roof—are taking VLSI where no chip has dared to go before. For example, Digital Communications Associates, Atlanta, which makes the Irma communication board, found it needed chips for the newest generation of Irma products that major integrated-circuit (IC) makers couldn’t supply.

So, Peter Wilcox, DCA’s senior design engineer, decided to design the chips from scratch—using the facilities of VLSI Technology Inc., San Jose, Calif. "I picked VTI because it was a combined package," Wilcox says. "All the services were in one place, from one vendor, meaning there was little possibility for finger-pointing if anything went wrong."

Wilcox had no experience in IC design. He describes himself as a programmer and a system designer. Yet, he notes, "It took me only about seven weeks to do the design the first time. Then I took a week and a half to do some modifications on that design. Now we’re already in production."

GKS-3D implementation presages full standard

Keith Jones, European Editor

Even though the 3-D version of the graphical kernel system, GKS-3D, is still two years away from becoming a full international standard, West German software house GTS-GRAL, Darmstadt, has released a portable implementation of the functions specified for developers of 3-D graphics programs.

Called GKS/GRAL-3D, it is upwardly compatible with the company’s 2-D implementation. According to GTS-GRAL product development manager Dr. Günter Pfaff, the product runs on a wide variety of workstations and personal computers, including the IBM Corp. PC/XT and PC-AT and compatibles.

The primary difference between the 2-D and the new 3-D implementations, Pfaff continues, is that the latter supports calls from application programs that invoke functions specific to GKS-3D, notably the generation of projections and perspective views of 3-D objects. GKS/GRAL-3D will support calls made from FORTRAN and Pascal programs, and Pfaff reveals that implementations supporting calls from C and Ada programs are under development.

However, not all the names of these calls, referred to within the International Standards Organization (ISO) as GKS language bindings, have been precisely defined. Terry Hewitt, a member of ISO’s graphics working group, WG2, acknowledges that changes to the names, of which there are up to 40, should be fairly easily made. But he hints that more fundamental changes to the GKS-3D standard will be made before it is completely stable. More comment and voting, he explains, will be made by ISO’s national member organizations before GKS-3D becomes a Draft International Standard, in 1986, and an Interna-
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As profits fall, Taiwan turns to AT-compatibles

Charles Hintermeister
Taiwan Correspondent

Stiff competition and thin profit margins are forcing Taiwanese companies to turn from the manufacture of IBM Corp. PC/XT-compatible and look toward greener pastures—namely PC-ATs.

"The Intel [Corp.] 8088 [the microprocessor in the PC/XT] is dying fast," says a manager of one large Taiwanese computer manufacturer. "Nobody is introducing new 8088-based computers now." Prices (f.o.b) for stripped-down IBM PC-compatible CPUs made in Taiwan are now as low as $600, compared with over $1,000 a year ago. Partly in response to the collapse in the price of the PC/XT, there's been a flurry of 80286-based PC-AT-compatibles coming on the market—in some cases with financial support provided by the Taiwanese government.

Taiwan's Industrial Development Bureau (IDB), part of the Ministry of Economic Affairs, and the government-supported Electronics Research Service Organization (ERSO) are jointly sponsoring a development project to produce an IBM PC-AT-compatible system. They look for a finished prototype this month.

Half of the project's $1.57 million budget, says an IDB spokesman, will be supplied by the government as a non-interest loan to the participating manufacturers. The rest is to be paid in advance by the four participating companies, Cal-Comp Electronics Inc., Tatung Co., Copam Electronics Corp. and Systex Corp. Each is heavily involved in OEM computer manufacturing, and each has high hopes for its AT-compatible systems.

Other Taiwanese companies are now considering whether to purchase rights to the ERSO system. One of them, Multitech Industrial Corp., has already designed an AT-compatible system that lacks only a basic input/output system. "We may just buy an off-the-shelf BIOS from the United States," says a Multitech spokesman.

ERSO also developed the prototype for most of the IBM PC-compatible systems now produced in Taiwan. The BIOS of the first PC system that ERSO released in late 1983, however, ran afoul of IBM lawyers and had to be redesigned. Some of the nine companies that had commissioned ERSO to develop it and had begun exporting machines based on it lost considerable time and money from the resulting legal squabble and adverse publicity.

The dispute was quickly and amicably resolved and IBM has since given the original ERSO PC BIOS a clean bill of health. In spite of that, fewer than half of the nine computer makers which participated in the original ERSO project decided to take part in the AT-compatible development.

With GKS-GRAL-3D from GTS-GRAL, 3-D objects—in this case a glass cube with writing on each side—can be manipulated on the screen of a workstation or personal computer. Both are views in perspective, seen from the front (left) and from above and to one side (right).
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“Once bitten, twice shy,” says the export department manager of a large Taiwanese computer company which had its computers seized by U.S. Customs. “It wasn’t only the money,” he says. “It was the damage to our reputation. We can’t afford to be associated in any way with computer counterfeiting.”

ERSO, while acknowledging that it is developing an IBM PC-AT-compatible system, has declined to reveal technical details of the prototype or what steps it has taken to ensure its legality. An ERSO spokesman did say, however, that the system now under development largely conforms to the specifications of the original PC-AT and that the technology for the system will be transferred to participating private-sector companies in this month. Most industry observers in Taiwan believe it’s unlikely that ERSO will repeat the mistakes it made in designing the original IBM PC-compatible BIOS.

The optimism of Taiwanese AT-compatible computer makers rests largely on their ability to quote low prices. Although prices have not been set, the end-user cost of a Taiwanese PC-AT-compatible CPU is expected to be less than half the genuine item’s current retail price of around $3,995.

**Hope to export 10,000 units**

ERSO members agree that sales will not be nearly as great as with traditional Taiwanese PC/XT-compatible systems, but they hope they can export 10,000 units in the first year of production.

AT-compatible makers fear, however, that they may encounter some of the same availability problems that delayed manufacture of Taiwan’s PC/XT-compatible systems. For instance, there is no guarantee that the supply of dynamic RAMs will continue to exceed demand by the time mass production begins. Supplies of the all-important 80286 microprocessor may also dry up unexpectedly.

Despite their optimism, most of the companies involved in the project agree that a number of the same problems that held back export sales of Taiwanese IBM PC-compatible systems will remain unsolved. Chief among these are difficulties in providing service to U.S. or European customers and the fact that few users have ever heard of Taiwanese companies like Tatung—even though it’s one of IBM’s largest OEM suppliers. Executives of the ERSO-project companies say that, while they may attempt to sell their AT-compatible systems under their own name, they will focus their sales effort on U.S. and European OEM buyers.

Several Taiwanese manufacturers are said to be planning to export AT-compatible computers that they claim were independently developed. At least one company is already doing that. Asked about the origin of the BIOS in an AT-compatible system already in production, the company’s manager replied, “Well, a friend of ours copied it for us.”

**Two take precautions**

Two Taiwanese companies which believe the AT-compatible market is risky have introduced enhanced IBM PC/XT systems based on the Intel 80186 microprocessor.

Tatung last April announced such a machine. Called the TCS-6000, it is based around the 80186 microprocessor. Clocked at 8 MHz, the system comes standard with either 128K or 256K bytes of user memory. The CPU’s rear panel has four RS232C ports and one printer port. The machine’s power supply will support up to a 30M-byte hard disk drive.

The BIOS, which allows the TCS-6000 to run 99 percent of all IBM PC/XT software, was designed by Tatung Scientific Technology Co., a Tatung subsidiary. Equipped with 256K bytes of main memory, the system carries an f.o.b. price of between $1,000 and $1,500, depending on quantity. An enhanced version of the TCS-6000 with both an 8- and a 16-bit data bus will be available this month, according to a Tatung official. The company also recently introduced an IBM PC/XT-compatible system based on the Intel 8086.

Taiwan’s First International Computer Inc. recently announced an 80186-based system called the Leo AT/PC, which the company claims is “the world’s fastest PC.” The system, jointly developed by First International and Challenger Computer Inc., Bedford, Mass., specializes in computer-aided design/computer-aided manufacturing applications. Because the 80186 chip is clocked at up to 10 MHz, says First International chairman Ming Chien, the system has enough speed to handle any of the IBM PC/XT-compatible CAD/CAM packages now on the market. The IBM PC-AT, he notes, can run many of these packages but is too slow to satisfy some users.

The Leo AT/PC, which runs MS/DOS 3.0 and higher, as well as Concurrent CP/M-86, comes standard with 512K bytes of main memory, expandable to 1M byte, and a 16K-byte ROM BIOS.

Although prices have not been set, Chien says a Leo PC/AT will “definitely” cost less than a similarly configured IBM PC/XT. The computer will be marketed in the United States by Challenger and First International.

**CONVERTER SUPPORTS DIABLO, EPSON, HP**

Start-up manufacturer Zvert Corp., Los Angeles, has developed the ZVT series of laser-printer protocol converters/sharers. The standalone devices allow as many as three users to print from a Hewlett-Packard Co. Laserjet printer. The ZVT also permits Diablo Systems Inc. model 630 and Epson America Inc. FX printer series emulations. Each port on the ZVT supports data rates from 9,600 baud to 19.2K baud. The ZVT-100 three-port emulator sells for $299; each extra emulation is $100. A Zvert spokesman says users can mix Diablo and Epson modes and can program each user port for the printer emulation and function they desire.
Two members of Congress are seeking to expand the 1984 Computer Fraud and Abuse Act to include commercial computers. As signed last October by President Reagan, the law created a new class of federal crime. It made punishable any unauthorized access to classified information in a government computer system or other systems protected by the Right to Privacy Act or the Fair Credit Reporting Act.

This year, Reps. William Hughes, D-N.J., chairman of the House Subcommittee on Crime, and Bill Nelson, D-Fla., have introduced H.R.1001 and H.R.930, respectively, in an attempt to extend criminal sanctions to unauthorized computer access of commercial systems. Both bills came under immediate attack as being potentially discouraging to federal whistleblowers.

Hughes' bill would create two computer-related misdemeanors. First, anyone who accesses a computer without authorization and gains anything of $5,000 value or more during one year could be punished by up to 10 years' imprisonment and a fine of up to $100,000 or double the amount of the value gained, whichever is greater. Second, anyone who causes losses or damages of $5,000 or more through unauthorized access would face up to a year in prison and a fine of either $5,000 or twice the value of the loss or damage, whichever is greater.

Nelson's bill would extend the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act to provide protection for computers of financial institutions and computers used in interstate or foreign commerce. It establishes felony penalties of up to 10 years' imprisonment or fines of up to $250,000, or both.

At hearings held in late May before the Subcommittee on Crime, chairman Hughes noted that his legislation would restore protection to those commercial systems deleted from last year's Act. Nelson, testifying before the subcommittee, asked that it complete the job that was started during the previous session of Congress.

"I urge the subcommittee to report legislation that will give our nation's prosecutors the precise and necessary tools to convict high-technology criminals who are threatening the economic security and integrity of this country's banking and business computer systems," Nelson stated.

John Keeney, deputy assistant attorney general, criminal division, of the Department of Justice, told the subcommittee that the Reagan administration is expected to submit its own computer-crime proposal to Congress. Also, Keeney objected to several provisions of the legislation introduced by Hughes.

The bill, Keeney stated, is not coordinated with existing mail and wire fraud statutes. As with mail and interstate telephone wires, he said, a computer is the vehicle through which the fraud or other crime is committed.

Under Hughes' legislation, the Justice spokesman contended, federal prosecutors would have to prove that the offense affected interstate or foreign commerce, rather than be able to focus on the central issue of the fraudulent scheme itself.

Keeney also argued that the $5,000 annual floor on fraudulent gains or losses is too restrictive and could provide a loophole for certain types of computer crimes. He said a dishonest bank employee who managed to repeatedly divert a small amount of money from individual accounts over a long period of time would not be liable for prosecution as long as the diversions amounted to less than $5,000 annually.

Hughes responded that the $5,000 requirement was only for prosecution under federal statutes. Fraudulent computer access involving lesser amounts could be dealt with under state or local laws, he said.

On behalf of the Association of Data Processing Service Organizations (ADAPSO), P. Michael Nugent, government affairs counsel of Electronic Data Systems Corp., Dallas, stated that the industry association generally favored the approach taken by both bills. Nugent recommended, however, that the $5,000 proviso be dropped in order to discourage computer crimes involving lesser amounts.

Arguing against the proposed legislation, attorneys representing the American Society of Newspaper Editors and the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) testified that the two bills, as well as the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act itself, could discourage federal whistleblowers from disclosing information concerning fraud and waste in government. ACLU counsel Allen Adler argued that federal employees could be prosecuted if they obtained such information from computers through unauthorized means.
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MULTIUSER MICROs
ADD VALUE TO PC LANs

Despite the booming PC LAN business, most observers still see a place in the market for multiuser microcomputers

Frances T. Granville, Associate Editor

With a multitude of standalone personal computers in the office environment, business managers are looking for ways for users to share resources, data and peripherals with their coworkers or with other departments. What they're finding is that the obvious solution—a local area network connecting standalone personal computers—is not the only solution. Multiuser microcomputer vendors are offering an alternative scheme to share resources and increase the performance, storage capacity and speed of their LANs.

In an effort to tap into the lucrative LAN market, multiuser microcomputer vendors, such as Altos Computer Systems Inc., Convergent Technologies Inc. and North Star Computer Systems Inc., are selling their systems into already-installed networks. In such applications, the multiuser microcomputers play the role of powerful file servers in LANs. As a result, market observers predict, these vendors may well end up coexisting with personal computer LAN vendors.

"If multiuser microcomputer vendors are smart and realize that personal computer LANs are the wave of the future, they need to find a way to sell those systems as file servers or departmental 'minis'—a way to coexist peacefully with LANs," says Robert Lefkowits, director of software research at InfoCorp, a market research concern in Cupertino, Calif. "Those that try to compete head-to-head with LANs and say, 'Buy my multiuser micro,' will lose out."

According to analysts, both the personal computer LAN market and the multiuser microcomputer market have optimistic outlooks: Sales of multiuser microcomputers are expected to grow from $1.46 billion in 1984 to $4.3 billion by 1987 and $10.81 billion by 1990, according to research concern International Data Corp. (IDC), Framingham, Mass. The personal computer segment of the LAN market is expected to reach $3 billion in sales by 1987, according to research concern Future Computing, Richardson, Texas. Also optimistic about personal computer LAN growth is Venture Development Corp. (VDC), Natick, Mass. VDC expects personal computer LAN shipments to increase from $250 million in 1984 to..."
'Someone could plunk down $5,000 to $6,000 for a PC, and in six months it will have paid for itself.'

...$4.6 billion by 1990. What's more, the number of personal computers installed in LANs reached 15,500 by the end of 1984—up from 10,100 in 1983—a 60 percent growth rate that is expected to "continue if not accelerate," according to IDC analyst Jeffrey Kaplan.

One company tapping into the lucrative personal computer LAN market is Altos, San Jose, Calif., which leads the market for multiuser microcomputers. "PC LANs are just a great way for us to enlarge our market and reinforce our position," says Phillip E. White, senior vice president of marketing at Altos. He points to the company's recently unveiled Model 3068, a 32-bit supermicrocomputer that some analysts see as a price/technology breakthrough. "In price and performance, no one can touch it at this time," states Evan Moltz, director of microservices at IDC.

Users can network the 3068 with other Altos systems via the company's WorkNet LAN, which supports as many as 30 users. In addition, users can connect the 3068 to mainframe computers via communications options. With the addition of Altos' PC Path, users can connect their networks of Altos multiuser systems to personal computer LANs, in which the 3068 can act as a file server.

But, says Moltz, a more important reason for Altos' market leadership than the 3068 is the

![The Altos 3068 multiuser supermicrocomputer supports 30 users via Altos' WorkNet LAN.](image)

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**Multiusers are cheaper by the dozen**

Jim Isaak, director of product planning at Charles River Data Systems, Framingham, Mass., sees cost per user as the most important advantage that multiuser microcomputers have over local area networks of personal computers. The number of personal workstations that can be cost-justified on a per-user basis grows (toward the bottom of the pyramid) as the systems being purchased decrease in price.

The 32-bit multiuser area (green) covers the "critical elite," for whom the cost per user is $10,000; key professionals, for whom the cost is $5,000 per user; professionals and managers, for whom the cost is $2,500 per user; white-collar workers ($1,000 per user); and all other "office" employees ($500 per user).

In a hypothetical example, a company wanting to computerize might be able to cost-justify only three systems selling for $10,000. Then, about five key professionals might receive the next group of systems at $5,000 each. In the next step, the company could buy additional systems for as many as 10 more employees for $2,500 and then for the next 15 users for $1,000. If the cost per user dropped to $500, the company could afford to buy systems for its entire staff.

This low cost per user could not be achieved with a personal computer LAN network. Because personal computer LANs cover only the areas in blue. Another group, represented by the "s" curve, covers professional employees that require 32-bit systems, typically engineers and financial analysts. Isaak calls this the "32-bit effect." These users can justify high workstation cost only if the workstation provides 32-bit capability.
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company's distribution channel: value-added resellers. InfoCorp's Lefkowits agrees. According to him, the 3068 has only adequate performance and represents merely the "next step in Altos' product evolution." But he emphasizes the importance of the company's sales force of 2,000 VARs. "Altos is the traditional leader in price, and VARs are looking for the best hardware margins they can find," he notes.

According to Altos' White, the company adds 50 to 75 new dealers a month. Since its founding in 1977, the company has never had an unprofitable quarter, and its net sales rose from $8.2 million in 1980 to $102.7 million in 1984.

**Vendors aim at different buyers**

Some microcomputer vendors, however, believe that LANs and multiuser microcomputers do compete—but only indirectly. "There's definitely a battle in the market," says Jim Isaak, director of product planning at Charles River Data Systems (CRDS), Framingham, Mass., and chairman of the IEEE committee on operating systems standards. "But it's not a head-to-head battle because the players—the buyers—are different." Isaak believes that individuals buying computers want the status symbol that having a personal computer on the desktop represents. In addition, he says, the pay-back periods for personal computers are good. "Essentially, someone could plunk down $5,000 to $6,000 for a PC, and in six months it will have paid for itself," he says.

Multiuser microcomputer buyers, on the other hand, are typically responsible for outfitting a small business or a department. Such buyers are concerned with more than one user. "The PC won't solve this problem as efficiently," says Isaak. "The multiuser approach starts to pay off when you are concerned with many users."

Although LANs and multiuser microcomputers are competing in the same general market, the two solutions are suited to different environments. LANs can support two to several thousand standalone personal computers, whereas multiuser microcomputers typically support two to 12 users. Support of fewer workstations makes multiuser microcomputers more suitable for small businesses or departments within large organizations. For connecting users in a large company, a LAN would be more appropriate.

In a LAN, the common connection method is twisted-pair wire or coaxial cable. Data transfer between personal computers and peripherals occurs serially, often resulting in slow transfer rates. Consequently, LANs are also slower in performing tasks that require heavy use of common peripherals, especially shared hard disks.

With multiuser microcomputers, on the other hand, devices are connected to the CPU via a high-speed bus and share data via direct-memory-access channels. The superior speed makes multiuser microcomputers a better choice for users who require frequent access to a shared database and common peripherals.

"It's clearly a separate market," says Charles Grant, president of North Star, San Leandro, Calif. "We're focused at upgrading people who already own PCs. Multiuser micros have a clear performance advantage." Grant believes that multiuser micros for use with personal computer networks are an afterthought. What's more, he adds, "the two approaches solve different problems. People are trying to jury-rig a system together with PCs and multiuser micros, but it comes down to a question of which can best get the job done."

North Star offers Dimension, which is compatible with IBM Corp.'s PC/XT. Dimension supports 12 users at a base price of $7,000, with each additional workstation selling for approximately $2,500. In addition, North Star plans to introduce its version of Novell Inc.'s NetWare operating system, which will link individual personal computers to the Dimension system.

However, some competitors in the market, particularly LAN vendors, aren't quite so gung ho about using multiuser microcomputers to upgrade personal computer LANs. "They're saying, 'If you already have a PC LAN, you've made a mistake,'" says Craig Burton, vice president of Novell, Orem, Utah. "But, in the real world, using shared processors is doing it the old-fashioned way."

**Claim made for micro muscle**

In spite of such criticism, multiuser microcomputer vendors are claiming improved performance over personal computers. "It comes down to a question of whether you want just another PC, or do you want a more powerful system?" says Altos' White. He cites a published study in which Altos' Model 586 microcomputer was shown to have five times the performance of a personal computer. "We don't force people to put files and memory on their PCs," says White. If users can perform these functions on a multiuser system, it leaves more space on the networked personal computers for other uses. "And our systems are really not that much more costly," he adds. The 586 reportedly sells for $7,900 as a file server in a personal computer network, compared to $5,000 to $6,000 for a personal computer.

CRDS' Isaak concurs. "PCs alone don't solve the problem. You have to put in a network, and..."
even if you have 10 PCs, each having 256K bytes of memory, you have 4M bytes of memory floating around. But, if you have a spreadsheet requiring that much memory, there is no place to run all 4M bytes." With CRDS' Universe 68 running the company's UNIX-compatible UNOS operating system, he says, users get a higher speed connection and better bandwidth than is possible with a personal computer.

He also points out that CRDS' UniverseNet II networking software, which the company had planned to introduce at last month's National Computer Conference, will provide users with distributed-resource-management capability on three levels. Implementing the seven-layer open-systems-interconnection scheme of the International Standards Organization, the network will support the Ethernet standard and the OpenNet interconnection scheme, and it will act as a distributed-file server between UNIX and other environments. As such, it will be a global file system that "spans networks in a literally transparent way," says Isaak.

"What it comes down to," claims Nathan Brookwood, director of product strategy at Convergent, Santa Clara, Calif., "is performance, response time and money."

According to Brookwood, "with more than three or four users, the cost per user is less for multiuser micros. Our MiniFrame [multiuser microcomputer] is $8,000, but each additional terminal is $1,000. A PC workstation sells for $5,000 to $8,000. So, for up to three or four users, it's a wash. For more than that, multiuser micros have a lower cost per user."

Isaak agrees: "For the first three users on a multiuser system, you pay $10,000 [each]; for [the next] five users, it's $5,000 per user, for [the next] 20 users, it's $500 per user (see "The cost-per-user pyramid," Page 56). You could never put that many users on a PC LAN. You couldn't afford it. You can't justify even a diskless PC. With multiuser micros, you can support a mix of people—some needing more power, some needing less. It's a cost trade-off."

But some personal computer LAN vendors, including Novell's Burton, don't entirely buy the cost-per-user argument: "On a cost-per-user basis, they're probably right," admits Burton, "but I'd much rather have a PC on my desk than a dumb terminal. Having my own PC offers better personal capability for the workers and better control for the managers."

David Potter, vice president of research and development at Micom-Interlan Inc., Boxborough, Mass., takes a similar viewpoint. "It becomes a question of degree of ownership," he says. "With your own PC, you control your own destiny." What's more, Potter—along with other LAN vendors and analysts—sees the prices of LAN hardware and peripherals dropping in the near future. "There's no question in my mind that LANs, disks and printers are going to decrease in price, and what advantage is the multiuser micro going to have in the long run?"

However, multiuser microcomputers are also expected to decrease in price. According to Convergent's Brookwood, "The same hardware and the same trends that make the PC cheaper are going to make the multiuser micro cheaper."

As prices for both types of systems decrease and as more vendors offer schemes to connect personal computers and microcomputers, users will have more ways to share their data and peripherals with their co-workers.
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Michael R. Tankle, FutureGuard Inc.

In many insurance companies, an excess of paperwork—the result of government regulations; customized policies for special coverage; and payments of premiums, claims and commissions—often creates a backlog. This backlog would worsen if insurance personnel had to access up-to-date information manually. To avoid this, most major insurance carriers automate their data-processing operations using mainframe or minicomputer systems.

But the costs of such systems have prevented most smaller insurers from automating. Although using microcomputers might seem to be a cost-effective alternative, a lack of adequate microcomputer-based, application-specific software has also hindered office automation in small companies.

One insurance company addressing these problems is AmGuard Enterprises Inc. AmGuard’s approach was to create a subsidiary, FutureGuard Inc., Wilkes-Barre, Pa., to develop an office-automation system to link all AmGuard subsidiaries. Besides FutureGuard, the subsidiaries are AmGuard Insurance Co., specializing in workers’ compensation; InterGuard Ltd., a managing general agent (MGA) and program manager; and Insurance Support Services Inc., an insurance claims and engineering management company.

The office-automation system that FutureGuard developed is called the MGA information-management system. Based on Deskpro personal computers from Compaq Computer Corp., Houston, the system is connected over EtherSeries, the Ethernet-compatible local area network from 3Com Corp., Mountain View, Calif. A typical FutureGuard system includes 20 Deskpro workstations, the EtherSeries network, four printers and a hard disk/tape backup subsystem. This configuration, including all application software, sells for less than $200,000—one-third the price of a comparable minicomputer system. For example, one available minicomputer-based turnkey system for MGAs supports only 13 workstations and sells for more than $600,000.

FutureGuard developed the MGA information-management system using a TeleVideo Systems Inc. multiuser system. However, the company soon switched to Compaq computers because of TeleVideo’s hardware limitations, including its 8-bit architecture. Because of the complexity of the application software, the MGA system demands 16-bit architecture. In addition, FutureGuard officials believe that, to be competitive in today’s business market, compatibility with the IBM Corp. PC—which the
The company selected the Deskpro because it has a faster clock speed—8 MHz—compared with the PC/XT's 4 MHz.

Developers use in-house expertise

More than a year ago, FutureGuard installed the beta-test system at its MGA. There, InterGuard staff members test the system and advise FutureGuard on developing application software for MGAs. As an MGA, InterGuard mediates between major insurance carriers and independent agents, provides sales and marketing support to insurance carriers, handles insurance proposals, writes and codes policies, reports to government authorities, reviews claims and deals with local, independent insurance agents and brokers.

The MGA system incorporates Microsoft Corp.'s MS-DOS operating system and general application software, including the Multiplan spreadsheet program. Other software for the system includes MicroPro International Corp.'s WordStar word-processing package and Mail-Merge file-merging package and 3Com's EtherMail electronic mail. Because the Deskpro is compatible with the IBM PC, users can also run a wide variety of industry-standard application-software packages. FutureGuard's bundled application software is written in Ashton-Tate's dBASE II, whose relational database architecture allows storage of as many as 65,000 files with minimum redundancy and no overhead for pointers and sets.

The core MGA information-management system incorporates several modules—marketing, policy management, underwriting and accounting—each of which has a report generator. The marketing module stores lists of prospective customers grouped by territories and assigned to appropriate independent agents. Using the module's report generator, InterGuard can provide its independent agents with lists of companies in a specific region that have annual sales in a specified range. Using WordStar and Mail-Merge, agents can then create direct-mail campaigns targeted at specific prospects. The marketing module also tracks results of an agency's marketing efforts, allowing insurance companies to monitor their agencies' compliance with company-agency agreements and to coordinate marketing representatives' sales campaigns.

The underwriting and policy-management modules handle the issuance, endorsement, cancellation or reinstatement, coding and reporting of policies. Once policy information is entered into the system, an operator can retrieve it by using one of several fields, such as status (active or canceled), agency, inception and expiration dates and dividends.

The MGA accounting module automatically calculates fees, commissions and other receivables and payables. As policies are issued, canceled or endorsed, the system immediately updates all information and maintains an audit trail of accounting transactions. Like the underwriting/policy-management modules, the accounting module permits users to access information from several fields, including policy type, agency, date or range of charges and payment status. The module's report generator, which displays easy-to-understand user prompts, enables users to create a wide range of financial reports, such as bordereaux (monthly financial/statistical reports), accounts receivable and payable, commissions and premiums.

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Menus simplify system operation

Both the management-information and claims system are menu-driven and thus are easy to learn and operate because users need to use only one menu to operate all the modules. The system's software also provides security via password protection. In addition, the modules use on-line transactional—rather than batch—processing. Transactional processing provides all network users with immediate access to up-to-date information after one user stores a new or updated file.

The InterGuard configuration has 20 Deskpro Model I personal computers, each incorporating an 8086 microprocessor from Intel Corp. and each offering six expansion slots. In addition, each workstation includes a 320K-byte floppy disk drive, 256K bytes of RAM and the 3Com EtherLink, a plug-in board that connects the Deskpro workstations to the EtherSeries network. Users can upgrade the workstations with a 10M-, 20M- or 30M-byte fixed disk and an integral tape backup. The network revolves around a 3Com AP file server and a workstation with 640K bytes of RAM, which acts as an additional file server.

As InterGuard's insurance operations expand, FutureGuard will add 10 more Deskpro workstations to the InterGuard network. Because the EtherSeries LAN supports 1,024 terminals—with an additional file server required for every 25 connections—users can adjust the size of the network to suit their needs.

Because the beta-test site's proprietary software requires 128M bytes, a 168M-byte hard disk subsystem from National Memory Systems, Livermore, Calif., stores the application software and data files. Backing up the hard disk is a file-oriented, nine-track tape-cartridge drive, also from National Memory Systems. Peripherals include three ML92 system printers from Okidata Corp., Mount Laurel, N.J., three ML92

FutureGuard's
MGA information-management system combines 20 Compaq Deskpro workstations, National Memory Systems hard disk/tape backup subsystems, four Okidata printers, a 3Com AP file server and a Hayes 1,200-baud modem for remote electronic mail and data access.
High-speed Okidata printers in the FutureGuard network produce insurance forms and provide letter-quality print for correspondence.

local printers to handle checks and special forms and a Spinwriter 3510 letter-quality printer from NEC Information Systems Inc., Lexington, Mass. The system also includes a 1,200-baud modem from Hayes Microcomputer Products, Norcross, Ga., for remote electronic mail and data access. The MGA system requires no special electrical connections to install, but FutureGuard recommends the use of separate 120V-AC outlets with surge protection for each device on the network.

The MGA system has provided InterGuard with significant employee productivity gains, says InterGuard President Y. Judd Shoval. He says that 12 employees with the FutureGuard system can do the work formerly done by approximately 50 employees working manually. In addition, Shoval says, “Less back-office overhead means more money for payments, agent commissions and profit.” He adds, “Many insurance companies spend one-third of their revenues on operational expenses, leaving only two-thirds of every premium dollar for claim payments. At InterGuard, operational expenses averaged only 22 percent for the past year.”

Michael R. Tankle, vice president of operations at FutureGuard Inc., Wilkes-Barre, Pa., is the principal architect and programmer of the company’s MGA information-, property- and casualty-management systems.

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FEATURE HIGHLIGHTS

SINGLE-BOARD COMPUTERS: MULTIBUS II, VMEBUS CLASH IN 32-BIT ARENA

Backers of Multibus II and VMEbus tend to associate superior multiprocessing and real-time capabilities with their respective buses and concede little to their opponents. This is the first of a two-part series comparing the two dominant 32-bit buses.

OEM MARKET SPOTLIGHT SHIFTS TO 'PC OEMS'

Taking advantage of two new de facto standards — the MS-DOS/PC-DOS operating system and the PC bus — a new breed of OEMs allow integrators to configure systems from the ground up with “mix-and-match” kits ranging from single-board computers to complete subsystems.

IMAGE PROCESSING ENHANCES LASER PRINTING

(Last story)

Laser printers are proven alternatives to letter-quality impact printers and plotters, and they are increasingly being differentiated on the basis of their intelligence. That’s where the image processor comes into play.

GRAPHICS CARDS FLOOD PC MARKETPLACE

Encouraged by enthusiastic buyer response and a growing body of application software, dozens of manufacturers are supplying high-performance graphics cards for the IBM PC family. Our coverage includes a comprehensive product table, beginning on p. 125.

DATABASE SOFTWARE: LATEST LANGUAGES LINK DATA TO DIVERSE TASKS

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MULTIBUS II, VMEBUS CLASH IN 32-BIT ARENA

The business stakes are high as two heavyweight single-board-computer buses compete for high-end multiprocessing applications.

Jesse Victor, Associate Editor

The leading 32-bit buses, Multibus II and VMEbus, are battling for the hearts and minds of system integrators preparing to step up from today's 16-bit systems to tomorrow's 32-bit systems. Other would-be contenders, IEEE P696 ("Futurebus") and NuBus, lack vendor support so have not yet, in effect, entered the 32-bit arena. VMEbus and Multibus II, however, are rallying vendors into their camps and rolling out the "big guns:" new 32-bit, single-board-computer-based products designed to meet the rigorous demands of industrial and business multiprocessing applications.

The stakes are high. Vendors are contending for what the Multibus Manufacturer's Group predicts will be a total board market of nearly $2.2 billion by 1990. And the "armed camp" metaphor is accurate. Backers of Multibus II and VMEbus tend to associate superior multiprocessing and real-time capabilities with their respective buses and concede little to their opponents. Because of this highly partisan attitude, it is necessary to focus clearly on each bus' strengths and weaknesses—in terms of both technology and market position—to accurately weigh the claims of their advocates.

In terms of technology, system integrators should take particular note of the fact that the two buses have very different approaches to interrupt handling and message passing. In terms of market position, both buses have unique advantages. VMEbus has a significant lead in installed products, but, Multibus II has real advantages in industrial-automation applications.

Multibus sends a message

Multibus II defines a hardware-based message-passing protocol, which its backers claim offers significant benefits for multiprocessing systems by off-loading interrupt-handling tasks to each board's message-passing coprocessor and special interface. Each message packet can contain as many as 32 bytes of information—in addition to source and destination addresses and message bytes. This "virtual" interrupt-handling scheme supports 255 interrupt sources or destinations.

Handling I/O through this approach, says Jeff Roloff, president of Central Data Corp., Champaign, Ill., saves time in servicing and simplifies the implementation of interprocessor communication. "Message passing is one of the easiest ways of sharing the work load in multiprocessing systems. [In a dedicated system,] you have to pull an interrupt line and then poll the processor. With message passing you send a message to a predefined source, which picks it up off the bus. Once the message is passed, no more interaction to service I/O is necessary," Roloff says.

"The overriding superiority of Multibus II over VMEbus is its message-passing capability,
which doesn’t tie up the bus for long periods of time,” agrees W. E. Potter, vice president of marketing and sales at Multibus-board vendor Micro Industries Corp., Waterville, Ohio. “Without it, if a peripheral board wants to get on the bus, it must sit and wait, not performing its functions. With it, the information is put on the bus interface chip’s registers, which does the waiting instead of the CPU or the peripheral board.”

“If, for example, an Intel Corp. 80286 or 80386 CPU card specifies that it wants to do, say a 2K-byte transfer,” Intel technical marketing manager at Hillsboro, Ore., John Beaston explains, “it will pass that information [to the message-passing coprocessor], which will handle the transfers over the bus.” Because the coprocessor, and not a board’s main processor, effects the message passing, Beaston emphasizes, Multibus II can support 32-bit data transfers with 16-bit processors on the I/O boards.

Message passing, Beaston contends, eliminates the need for dual-ported memory structures and prevents bus saturation with a high number of bus masters. “Dual-port architectures typically work well with two or three bus masters talking back and forth,” he comments. “The minute you go beyond that you need to use semaphores and similar methods. But these techniques are not usually workable beyond two or three masters.”

“It’s very difficult to put more than two or three CPU cards on a VMEbus system,” says Potter. “With Multibus II, you can string them out to the hundreds. It is thus easier to do an automated factory in Multibus II.”

VMEbus responds

VMEbus supporters scoff at Multibus II’s claimed superiority for multiprocessing and what they see as Intel’s pretense that it invented message-passing capability and virtual interrupts.

“VMEbus is designed specifically to take advantage of the distributed intelligence of multiprocessing systems,” says John Black Jr., manager of the systems and technology group at
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Motorola Microsystems Inc., Tempe, Ariz. "Anything you can do with message passing in Multibus II you can do in VME. Message passing can be done in many different ways. Multibus II has chosen to implement it using dedicated modules. It's a rather rigid approach."

Multibus II’s message-passing scheme, Black says, is “awkward to use” for very long messages, when the volume of traffic might overrun a first-in-first-out buffer, or when message sizes differ from one another.

According to Schlomo Pri-Tal, staff engineer in Motorola Microsystems’ systems and technology group, VMEbus has location monitors that

Two Multibus II buses—the iPSB and iLBX—guide data transfer and handle memory access for Micro Industries MIB II 86/40 measurement and control board and MIB II 86/78 color video controller in an industrial process-control and measurement system.
can implement various kinds of message-passing mechanisms. “Message passing is very much dependent on what the microprocessors on the bus are being used for. Software determines the best way to pass messages between devices that share the bus. By imposing a specific method of passing messages you have to change your software to adapt to the bus’ scheme,” he asserts.

VMEbus uses seven interrupt request lines, in addition to a virtual interrupt-register scheme similar to Multibus II’s, Black says, because there are a lot of peripherals designed to drive them. “It takes a considerable amount of logic to interface these devices to a bus that doesn’t allow them to drive [interrupt-request] lines. Taking existing parts and trying to put them on Multibus II requires you to specify all the logic to make the chips look like they work through a requester scheme when they don’t. That can be a problem.”

VMEbus’ interrupt structure, Black says, ensures that all interrupts will be serviced in some finite, bounded time—a crucial need in real-time systems. “The VMEbus arbiter can signal the board controlling the bus to stop its data transfer and remove itself from the bus when a higher priority request is pending,” he explains, adding, “Multibus II lacks a similar capability.”

VMEbus guarantees flexibility, he says, with both single and distributed interrupt-handler schemes. In single-handler systems, a central system supervisory processor monitors all seven interrupt-request lines to handle bus interrupts from several other processors. A distributed system has two to seven interrupt handlers, each handling different prioritized interrupt-request lines. Message passing among processors through global memory prevents attempts to simultaneously access system resources or system “lock-up.”

VMEbus claims the edge in board-level-systems poll

A survey of 537 system and design engineers by Market Information Center Inc., Framingham, Mass., furnishes some perspective on inflated claims to bus supremacy by bus advocates.

Although Multibus I and the IBM Corp. PC bus were given as the buses of choice for current board-based systems, VMEbus emerged as the one most likely to be used over the next two years. VMEbus also held an edge over Multibus II in “versatility and long-range usefulness” among engineers polled.

Harry Henry, Information Center president, warns, however, that these results may not accurately reflect each bus’ future market share, which is based on the number of boards shipped, because the survey indicates only the choice of bus and not the number of boards specified for a particular application. “A system integrator who chooses Multibus II may need, say, thousands of boards while someone who decides on VMEbus may specify only a few hundred,” Henry notes, although both bus choices count as one “vote” in the survey.

Engineers chose “approved standard” and “future compatibility” as the most important criteria for bus selection. “These were the factors that really made a difference to people,” Henry concludes. “They don’t want to buy a one-and-only design or something that doesn’t have a future upgrade path.” Other considerations deemed less crucial were arbitration method, bandwidth, board size and connector type.

Although they were not further defined, Henry feels that most “proprietary bus” survey responses probably allude to only slightly modified versions of standard bus products. “Everyone wants to have his own unique thing. Someone may take a standard product, alter it ever so slightly and call it proprietary.”

Henry attributes the relative decline of the 16-bit IBM PC bus in the standings and the growing ascendancy of the 32-bit Multibus II and VMEbus to companies seeking to diversify their product line. They want to move away, he says, from “straight business automation” to areas such as medical imaging, factory automation, robotics, computer-aided design/computer-aided manufacturing and militarized systems.

“These are areas which lend themselves to more industrialized products where the IBM name has less influence,” Henry observes, “and they are areas in which both Multibus II and VMEbus will shine.”
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In determining which bus best meets their needs, system integrators also have to keep track of market forces—and both products are actively jockeying for position. Multibus II and VMEbus vendors have rolled out 32-bit single-board computers—based on Motorola's MC68020, Intel's 80286 or National Semiconductor Corp.'s NS32032 microprocessor—to back up their claims of bus superiority and to meet the stringent requirements of real-time multiprocessing systems.

VMEbus vendors naturally gravitate to the 68020. Ironies Corp., for example, uses a 12.5- or 16-MHz version in its IV-3201 processor board. It has no-wait-state access to 1M byte of dual-ported local dynamic RAM and supports an optional MC68851 memory-management unit and the MC68881 floating-point coprocessor. The on-board bus interrupter and interrupt handler deal with the VMEbus in multiprocessor environments. The VMBus interface supports high-speed access to additional local memory on that bus.

Motorola also offers both 12.5- and 16-MHz versions of the 68020 on its MVM130 and MVM131 (on-board memory management) processor boards. Operating at a sustained rate of 2 to 3 million instructions per second (MIPS), both boards also have sockets for the MC68881.

Most VMEbus vendors that furnish single-board computers based on the 68000 or 68010 microprocessors plan to step up to 32-bit-data-path, 32-bit-addressing products. Heurikon Corp., Madison, Wis., for example, will be introducing a 68020-based board, in both VMEbus and Multibus II versions, in the 3rd or 4th quarter, according to marketing manager, Joe Ramunni.

Multibus contenders appear

Multibus II vendors have also introduced, or are slated to introduce, 32-bit boards. Intel offers 13 Multibus II products, including the iSBC 286/100 80286-based processor board, four 32-bit cache-based memory boards with up to 4M bytes of RAM, the iSBC CSM/1001 central services module and Release 6 of the iRMX real-time operating system. The 286/100 uses an 8-MHz 80286 and contains iLBX and iSBX interfaces; message-interrupt, bus-arbiter and self-test controllers; two programmable serial I/O channels; and a socket for the 80287 floating-point coprocessor.

Microbar Systems Inc., Sunnyvale, Calif., has departed from the norm by using a 16-MHz MC68020 microprocessor for its Multibus II DBC II/68020 single-board computer. With on-board cache memory, memory management and optional 68881 coprocessor, it can address 4G bytes of memory, cycles in 125 nsec, provides 2- to 4-MIPS performance, and will, in the future, support UNIX System V, according to the company.

Goodspeed Systems Inc., East Haddam, Conn., provides an alternative to 80286- or 68020-based cards with its GS-32 board utilizing the NS32032 CPU. It can operate in either Multibus II or VMEbus systems via compatibility modules plugged into its expansion bus and includes an NS32082 MMU, NS32081 floating-point coprocessor, Z80 coprocessor for I/O management, up to 2M bytes of on-board RAM, 24-bit parallel port and small computer systems interface. The MMU supports extensive debugging and error-trapping capabilities.

Support boards load up

Because a 16-bit disk controller or memory board will create bottlenecks when integrated with high-throughput buses, Multibus II and VMEbus vendors are providing support boards able to fully utilize the buses' 32-bit capabilities.

Central Data, for example, furnishes a Multibus II octal serial communications controller supporting as many as eight RS232 or RS423 ports and the bus' message-based interrupts, self-diagnostics and 32-bit direct-memory access. Micro Industries offers the MIB II 86/40 measurement and control computer and MIB II 86/78 color video controller and is planning to introduce a general-purpose, 32-bit processor board and 8M-byte memory board.

New Multibus II products will also be forthcoming from Xylogics Inc., Burlington, Mass., which will market a high-performance storage module device (SMD) controller early next year, and Analogic Corp., Danvers, Mass., which plans to introduce intelligent analog-input, expansion-multiplexer and I/O cards.

Support boards are not lacking from VMEbus vendors. For example, Interphase Corp., Dallas, offers the V/SMD 3200 SMD controller, supporting 32-bit data transfers and addressing, virtual buffering and intelligent caching. Multitasking architecture allows simultaneous disk and bus activity.

Ironies, Ithaca, N.Y.; Charles River Data Systems, Framingham, Mass.; Force Computers Inc., Los Gatos, Calif.; Micro Memory Inc., Chatsworth, Calif.; Mizar Inc., St. Paul, Minn.; and Performance Technologies Inc., East Rochester, N.Y., are among the VMEbus vendors that have introduced memory boards supporting 32-bit data transfer. Performance Technologies' PT-VME200, dual-ported, 2M-byte dynamic RAM, for example, comes in 256K-byte to 2M-
byte versions and supports block-mode operation as well as 24-bit addressing and 32-bit data transfer on the VMX bus.

Multibus looks to industry

Both VMEbus and Multibus II have advantages in their battle for market share. "VMEbus has a considerable lead in the market," comments Central Data's Roloff. "Multibus II is going to take a number of years to get up to speed. There are a number of medium-sized, respected companies that are committed to using VME in their next-generation products."

Multibus II's strength, Roloff predicts, will be in larger industrial-control systems that need the functionality afforded by its double-height cards and in multiprocessing business-oriented systems.

"If you go to General Motors, they won't talk to you about anything but VMEbus," asserts Glen Allmendinger, president of the Harbor Research Corp., Boston. "It is very much the engineers' toy for embedded applications, such as machine-vision systems. Multibus II's strength is in more general-purpose, non-embedded applications...of which there are plenty."

Multibus II vendors do not see VMEbus' head start as an insurmountable obstacle. "VMEbus has the advantage of having been on the market [since 1981], while Multibus II is probably two years late," observes Micro Industries' Potter. "But we think Multibus II can catch up. We are betting our dollars on it. Multibus II will win in the end because it is highly integrated. You can put more local intelligence on it than you can with VMEbus."

"VMEbus has a large number of vendors selling compatible products," concludes Harry Henry, president of Market Information Center Inc., Framingham, Mass. "Multibus II has the installed base of Multibus I users. Both will have a large enough number of users behind them—and enough staying power—that a system integrator or vendor would be comfortable with either one."

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CIRCLE NO. 51 ON INQUIRY CARD
OEM MARKET SPOTLIGHT
SHIFTS TO 'PC OEMs'

A new breed of emerging OEMs offers system integrators the ability to 'roll their own' IBM PCs and to address novel applications.

Frances T. Granville, Associate Editor

System integrators haven't exactly ignored the IBM Corp. PC, but they might just now be beginning to appreciate the utility of two new de facto standards that the PC has engendered—the MS-DOS/PC-DOS operating system and the PC bus.

However, building yet another PC-compatible desktop clone would be overkill, so these system integrators are now beginning to "roll their own" PC-compatible systems from kits. These systems may neither look nor act like an IBM PC, but, because they include features that IBM "forgot," they are finding use in specialized applications, such as engineering and industrial and office automation.

To address the needs of system integrators who want to build PCs economically, a new breed of PC-compatible equipment makers, or "PC OEMs," is emerging. These OEMs are offering their customers a wide variety of "mix-and-match" PC-compatible kits. Their products can range from single-board computers to complete systems and can be used to build anything from a single-board embedded controller to a full-blown computer graphics system. In addition to providing system integrators with access to a vast library of MS-DOS/PC-DOS software, these kits—by virtue of their PC compatibility—reduce customers' capital investment risk and shorten product lead times.

The kits might include PC bus enclosures containing built-in PC bus hardware, fans and power supplies; disk drive subsystems in a variety of capacities; display peripherals such as monitors and terminals; and software that may support not only MS-DOS but also networking and other operating systems.

How a kit works

To understand how a kit from a PC OEM works, system integrators should consider the mix-and-match configuration possibilities from companies like OEMtek Inc., Alloy Computer Products Inc. and Personal Computer Products Inc. (PCPI).

OEMtek, San Jose, Calif., is focusing on the office-worker segment of the market. The company provides a line of IBM PC/XT-compatible systems.
modules, including hardware, software and communications. OEMtek's products include the 83000 series low-profile computing and data modules, the 84000 series standard-profile system and data modules, the 87400 series detachable keyboards and the 87500 series monochrome and color displays.

According to Diane Malik, director of marketing communications at OEMtek, IBM does not offer the low prices and quantity discounts that system integrators have come to expect. "IBM is addressing only 9 percent to 10 percent of the OEM market," says Malik. She says the value OEMtek adds lies in "reliability and a strong commitment to service: We work with the customer to fix the equipment if it breaks."

Malik says that a typically configured OEMtek system sells for about 50 percent the cost of a comparable system from IBM. She attributes her company's lower prices to overseas manufacturing: 80 percent of OEMtek's production is done at OEMtek Taiwan, a joint venture of OEMtek and Wytek Electronics Inc., Taipei, Taiwan. OEMtek began shipping to about 20 evaluation

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Multiuser systems accent PC bus versatility

System integrators can implement the versatile PC bus in multiuser systems in two ways. One way would be in a local area network configuration with multiple workstations and operating systems hanging from the bus, using, for example Alloy Computer Products Inc.'s PC-Xbus cabinet containing 12 long slots and a power supply. The other way would be in a file-server configuration.

One company that used the file-server approach is value-added reseller In-Touch Management Systems Inc., Dallas. In-Touch integrated Alloy's PC-Xbus boards for the In-Touch radio-common-carrier Asset Manager system. In-Touch wanted PC bus boards for the market edge they provide, says company president Sheldon Hills.

"We wanted the PC and the IBM [Corp.] name," Hills explains. "We wanted a system based on IBM. Everybody's got one [a PC]. Everybody wants one. [To the customer,] it's an IBM-based system, even though it's 90 percent Alloy equipment."

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A PC-Plus configuration might include the PC-Xbus expansion module with 12 expansion slots. A system integrator could connect two PC-Slave/16 and two PC-Slave/8 multiuser expansion boards and the PC-Stor disk/tape controller. Each PC-Slave can support its own terminal and printer or modem.
sites in November 1984 and planned to have begun shipping in production quantities by the end of March.

**Customers ‘pick and choose’**

Malik claims that system integrators are “thrilled” with the way OEMtek is dealing with them because the company allows them to “pick and choose” what they want. “We’ll put their name and even their colors on the final configuration,” she adds.

Offering system integrators another set of building blocks with which to assemble a PC is Alloy, Framingham, Mass. (see “Multiuser systems accent PC bus versatility,” below. With Alloy’s PC-Plus family, system integrators can create clusters of as many as 31 dumb terminals operating off a single expansion slot of a host PC.

The PC-Plus family includes the PC-Slave/16, a multiuser expansion board with an Intel Corp. 8088 microprocessor and 256K bytes of RAM. System integrators can merely plug the $1,095 board into the long slot of a PC and add a dumb terminal to create a two-user system that can share disks and printers. Alternatively, system integrators may want to use the $1,495 PC-Xbus, an expansion module that contains 12 full-sized PC-compatible expansion slots and its own power supply. When connected to a host PC, it accommodates as many as 12 PC-Slave/16 or lower capacity PC-Slave/8 expansion boards for multiuser capability, each supporting its own terminal and printer or modem.

Another possible configuration would be to add one of Alloy’s peripheral subsystems to the PC to increase capacity. For example, the Qicstor-Plus integrates a high-capacity hard disk drive, a streaming cartridge-tape backup unit, five IBM PC-compatible expansion slots and the PC-Slave/16 in one enclosure. Prices range from $5,595 for a 20M-byte version to $10,595 for 128M bytes.

Offering another modular approach to building a PC is PCPI, San Diego, with the PC Solution Series. The series includes the PC/CPU card, which contains an 8088 CPU; enhancement boards that function as standard IBM PC add-ons, such as multifunction cards, video display cards and memory cards; and boxes with the IBM PC bus structure, designed to accept both the company’s board-level products and other industry-available add-on boards.

The series also includes three expansion units: the PC/CPU unit, which provides four add-on slots; the PC/Disk unit, which accepts two half-height, 5 1/4-inch drives and supports floppy and hard disks; and the PC/Expansion unit, which provides five additional expansion slots.

PCPI, founded in 1982, addresses both the OEM and end-user markets, but company officials see its strongest advantage in its ability to sell to the OEM market.

**Board level singled out**

Because the market is so diverse, some PC OEMs are focusing on just one building block, such as single-board computers, rather than all the modules that comprise a PC. For example, Faraday Electronics, Sunnyvale, Calif., offers a
series of single-board, IBM-compatible microcomputers for use in industrial-automation and instrumentation applications. "What we've done is to build a $12 million company around supplying single-board computers using the same size and form factor as the IBM PC while offering 50 percent to 100 percent more functionality," says Ron Mazza, vice president of marketing at Faraday.

Faraday is focusing on industrial automation and instrumentation because, according to Mazza, those segments consume 40 percent and 20 percent, respectively, of the single-board computer market and because industrial automation is the fastest growing segment. This market has traditionally been addressed at the high end by Intel, Digital Equipment Corp. and Motorola Inc., rather than IBM. To compete with the established vendors in the industrial markets, Faraday is also beginning to aim its products at the high end. "We increasingly see our competitors as the [Motorola] VMEbus and the [Intel] Multibus rather than the low-end S100 bus and STDbus," says Mazza.

Faraday is lowering costs by incorporating VLSI and semicustom circuits like gate arrays to implement functions on one chip that may take several chips to implement on the IBM PC. Another strategy, according to Mazza, is to add value by adding extra built-in features to its boards, thus eliminating the need to add options to finished boards.

For example, for industrial customers, Faraday plans to introduce a board with an RS422 slot. "We surveyed our industrial-automation customers and found that they wanted an RS422 slot, so we're adding it to our [AT-compatible] product," he says. Faraday is also planning to offer a product with jumper-selectable RS232/RS422 slots. Buying the IBM PC, on the other hand, would mean that the system integrator would have to add these options—at extra cost.

**OEMTEK PROVIDES 'MIX-AND-MATCH' APPROACH**

**MONITORS**

- Horizontal Monitor
- Vertical Monitor
- Color Monitor

**KEYBOARDS**

- IBM Standard
- IBM Added Function
- IBM Liquid-Crystal Display Added

**LOW-PROFILE ENCLOSURES**

**STANDARD-PROFILE ENCLOSURES**

**DATABASE FILE SERVERS**

- Standard Five-Slot
- Standard Twelve-Slot

**COMPUTING MODULE**

**DATA-STORAGE MODULE**

**EXPANSION MODULE**

**SYSTEM MODULE**

**OEMtek's product line** comprises low-profile computing and data modules, standard-profile system and data modules, detachable keyboards and monochrome and color displays.

MINI-MICRO SYSTEMS/August 1985
Candy is dandy but it won't do diddly for your throughput

There are Life Savers® and there are life savers.

When your PDP-11 or VAX system is slow as molasses because of the data transfer bottleneck between your main memory and disk, you need more than a sugar-coated answer from your computer salesman.

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That performance adds up to new life for your PDP-11 or VAX system...eliminating the need to consider a new, more powerful CPU (which won't solve the I/O bottleneck anyway!).

The Need for High-Speed Storage

Whether for transaction processing, commercial data processing, data base management, CAD/CAM, artificial intelligence, simulation or process control applications, many programs spend relatively little time performing calculations on data. A system will spend most of its time transferring data back and forth between main memory and disk (often referred to as "thrashing"). As a result, the full power of the CPU is hardly used.

These throughput problems cannot be solved by acquiring a more expensive CPU which operates at higher speeds. For even if the CPU could perform calculations in zero time, your system would still bog down because most of its time is spent moving data between high-speed main memory and the much slower disk memory.

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The Mostek VMEbus Intelligent I/O board.

VMEbus has always been a smart choice for flexible system solutions. And now, Mostek has made VMEbus even smarter. By introducing the MK75804 VMEbus Intelligent I/O board.

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When you add it all up, our Intelligent I/O board is easily the most flexible hardware solution available for VMEbus applications. Which is just one of the ways we show our continuing commitment to VMEbus technology.

For more information, contact Mostek Corp., 1215 W. Crosby Road, MS2205, Carrollton, Texas 75006, or call 1-800-635-0200. In Texas, 214/466-8801. In Europe, (32) 02/762.18.80. In Japan, (03) 496-4221. In the Far East (Hong Kong), 5.681.157-9.
Faraday is also taking advantage of the IBM PC's open architecture. "We're offering more software-development tools and hardware options for the PC, using the IBM's open architecture to take OEMs to the next degree of application," says Mazza, which for Faraday will be "communications, private branch exchanges and portable instruments, to name a few."

A company taking a similar approach is Mostron Inc., Milpitas, Calif., which is focusing on the industrial-automation, office-automation, engineering/scientific and medical segments of the single-board computer market. Mostron, like Faraday, claims to offer a lower cost alternative to the traditional single-board computer architectures of the DEC Q-bus, the Multibus and the VMEbus. It does this, according to company president Francis Siu, by using semicustom CMOS gate-array chips to integrate key peripheral functions onto the motherboard.

Mostron's first product, announced in January, is the SBM-88 PC Engine, which Siu calls a building block whose PC compatibility eliminates the usual development risks faced by system integrators. It integrates monochrome video and floppy disk controllers, an 8088 CPU, memory, serial ports, an I/O expansion bus and connectors directly onto the motherboard.

I/O expander adds value

Taking another approach to building PCs is Display Telecommunications Corp. (DTC), Dallas, whose customers are divided evenly between system integrators and end users. The company's product offerings include the MegaBoard line of IBM PC/XT-compatible boards, sockets and enclosures.

According to Robert Aldred, general manager, the company adds features to the PC/XT to make it more adaptable to harsh industrial envi-

---

**OPTIONS ALLOW FOR MANY CONFIGURATIONS**

- **ASCII WORKSTATION**
  - Monitor
  - Keyboard

- **NETWORK WORKSTATION**
  - Low-profile computing module
  - Monitor
  - Keyboard

- **PC WORKSTATION**
  - Single- or dual-floppy
  - Low-profile computing module
  - Low-profile data module
  - Monitor
  - Keyboard

- **XT WORKSTATION**
  - 10M-byte hard disk
  - Floppy
  - Low-profile computing module
  - Low-profile data module
  - Monitor
  - Keyboard

- **XT WORKSTATION**
  - Single
  - Dual floppy
  - Low-profile computing module
  - Low-profile data module
  - Monitor
  - Keyboard

- **FILE SERVER**
  - Typical 10-user environment
  - 160M-byte storage
  - Database manager
  - Two standard-profile modules
  - Monitor
  - Keyboard

- **DATABASE FILE SERVER**
  - Main-frame power
  - To 50 users
  - Magix environment
  - 8086 CPU
  - 89M-byte disk
  - 60M-byte, 1/4-inch STREAMER
  - 160M-byte, ½-inch STREAMER
  - 360K-byte floppy file transfer

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OEMtek provides a range of configuration options from a basic ASCII workstation to a database file server that supports 100 users. All configurations use the same five basic modules and common electronics.
IBM is addressing only 9 percent to 10 percent of the OEM market.

The design makes the product well-suited for such applications as quality control for PC-compatible expansion boards. With the readily accessible slot, untrained personnel can test boards merely by plugging them in—without opening the system enclosure.

**PC-AT compatibles make headway**

Aldred believes that DTC offers better support and service than IBM. “It’s a well-known fact that IBM is not as concerned with quality and workmanship as some of the smaller companies are,” he asserts.

DTC and other companies are also addressing the PC-AT-compatible market because the PC-AT is more adaptable to industrial applications than the standard PC. Although the 8088-based PC is popular as the basis for desktop systems, its low speed and the fact that it is a single-terminal system have been a hindrance to system integrators trying to resell it into harsh industrial and engineering environments. At two to three times the speed of the PC, the PC-AT is fast enough for most industrial applications, and it allows the connection of multiple terminals.

Other companies are retaining PC/XT—rather than AT—compatibility but are substituting the AT’s 80286 processor for the XT’s 8088. One such company is Wave Mate Inc., Hawthorne, Calif., which is adding a perceived need for performance and speed. “The only way to survive in this market is to add more value,” says Dennis Painter, Wave Mate’s vice president of research and development. “In our case, the value added is performance. We are increasing performance while reducing costs.”

Wave Mate’s Bullet-286 board is an 80286-based substitute for the PC/XT motherboard. Because it uses the 80286 with no wait states, the 6-MHz Bullet-286 also executes code faster than the 4.77-MHz PC/XT. Thus, without achieving true PC-AT-compatibility, Wave Mate provides AT performance and speed at about one-fourth the cost of an AT. A 640K-byte Bullet-286 sells for $2,495.

Painter cites IBM and Seattle Telecom & Data Inc., Redmond, Wash., as his company’s main competitors. Like Wave Mate, Seattle Telecom is also aiming for PC-AT performance with PC/XT compatibility. The company offers the PC-286, an 80286-based add-in board aimed at allowing users of PC/XTs to expand their systems’ capabilities without abandoning the investment they’ve already made in the PC/XT. The PC-286 with 640K bytes of RAM sells for $2,395 in single-unit quantities.

Faraday also plans eventually to introduce an AT-compatible product, according to Mazza. The board will have all the functions of an AT as well as Centronics parallel and serial ports. In addition, OEMtek plans to meet its customers’ demands for AT-compatible equipment. “We won’t leave our customers behind technology-wise,” says OEMtek’s Malik.

“The key is IBM compatibility,” she adds. “If you’re not IBM-compatible, you can’t be in the market.” And Wave Mate’s Painter agrees: “Anyone not addressing the [IBM-compatible] market will be caught between IBM and the market.”
MIP-512 - The Single Board Multibus Machine Vision System

- 512 x 512 or 1024 x 1024 resolution
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- 4:3 or 1:1 aspect ratio
- 16.7 million color LUT
- Hardware pan, scroll and zoom
- Dual ported video RAM for true DMA
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Image processing technology need not cost an arm and a leg. With the Matrox MIP-512 you can get full 8 bit data acquisition, 8 bit image storage and 90ns/pixel image processing all on one Multibus board and for only $2,995 in singles.

REAL-TIME IMAGE ACQUISITION
An 8 bit flash A/D converter is used for digitizing an external video signal. External sync genlock or internal sync generation are software selectable. On-board programmable offset and gain controls and input look-up tables are provided for real-time pre-processing of raw video data.

IMAGE STORAGE AND DISPLAY
The MIP-512 contains 256K Bytes of dual ported video RAM for storing a 512 x 512 x 8 image. The new MIP-1024 contains 1M Byte of dual ported video RAM for storing four 512 x 512 x 8 images or one 1024 x 1024 image. Images can be loaded or unloaded from Multibus to video memory under DMA control in just a fraction of a second.

- 8 bit frame grabber
- 90ns/pixel video ALU
- MIP-LIB image processing software library
- Image processing functions:
  - addition & subtraction
  - averaging
  - convolution (N x M)

The MIP-512 supports instantaneous pixel by pixel panning and scrolling of images, and zooming by a factor of 2x or 4x. Up to 256 colors or shades of gray can be displayed from the 16.7 million color LUT.

REAL-TIME IMAGE PROCESSING
A 90ns/pixel video ALU is provided for performing real-time arithmetic and logical operations on image data. The MIP-512 supports several standard image processing functions including frame addition and subtraction, exponentially weighted frame averaging, low and high pass filtering and convolution with an N x M kernel. All computations are performed at high speed by the MIP-512 without burdening the host CPU.

The new MIP-LIB image processing software library is available for free to all MIP-512 customers. MIP-LIB lets you get your application up and running quickly.

In addition to state-of-the-art graphics and imaging boards, Matrox also supplies monitors, cassettes, CPU cards, memory boards and communication controllers for complete OEM display system requirements.
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IMAGE PROCESSING ENHANCES LASER PRINTING

Real-time rasterizing with a page compiler and image library lets image-processor-based laser printers run complex graphics at 1 page per second

David Buchanan, Imagen Corp.

Laser printers are a proven alternative to letter-quality impact printers, plotters and even line printers. Falling costs are bringing low-end systems, such as the LaserJet from Hewlett-Packard Co., head-to-head with traditional daisywheel solutions. In addition, increased capability and sophistication are opening new application areas, such as "personal typesetting." Therefore, system integrators should consider laser-printers as possible substitutes for other hard-copy devices when configuring a system.

Indeed, the non-impact printer market is in an explosive growth phase, particularly for laser printers. The $1.4 billion expected to be spent on laser printers in 1985 should grow to $3.1 billion in 1987, according to Dataquest Inc., San Jose, Calif. Moreover, laser printers should displace daisywheel, graphics and line printers. It seems likely they'll even supplant some photocopiers.

The cost of laser-written copy is reaching parity with photocopiers now, and the convenience of quietly and quickly running off extra high-quality copies with a laser printer may prove compelling to buyers.

To put the new laser printers into perspective, let's first look at their technological history. Laser printers have been commercially available since 1978, when Xerox Corp. introduced the 9700. It was a large, 120 pages per minute (ppm), $500,000 solution for printing listings and forms or for high-volume billing. The market remained small until late in 1979 when Canon U.S.A. Inc. introduced the LBP-10, the first low-cost (less than $10,000 in OEM quantities) laser printer. Unlike earlier laser printers, the Canon was only an engine, and required an added "brain"—an image processor.

The next significant introduction came in 1983 with another engine-only product from Canon, the LBP-CX. HP, Apple Computer Inc., Imagen Inc. and others have built systems by adding various types of image processors to the LBP-CX. Since 1983, the advances in laser printers have been made in the development of image processors, while the rapidly growing market and technical refinements in laser engines have led to incremental cost/performance improvements. Increasingly, laser printers are differentiated on the basis of their intelligence, which means the ability to understand and process higher level descriptions of images (Fig. 1).

Aside from the challenges of producing a laser engine, implementation of the requisite image processor has proved formidable. Computer systems traditionally send page descriptions to con-
Image processors relieve hosts of the processing task of creating the stream of dots (represented by bits) and the controlling task of sending those bits to the laser printing engine speedily.

Fig. 2. Image processors relieve hosts of the processing task of creating the stream of dots (represented by bits) and the controlling task of sending those bits to the laser printing engine speedily.

Conventional printers at a host-selected transfer rate, and in a form that differs little from the text file that was originally created with an editor or by another process. Laser engines, on the other hand, demand a stream of dot information at speeds comparable to video (1 million pixels per second and above), and within tight time constraints—once the paper has started through the printer, the stream of data must stay on schedule. The image processor off-loads from the host the processing task of creating the stream of dots, and the controlling task of sending the bits at the appropriate times (Fig. 2).

Processor and controller differ

System integrators should understand the distinctions between a printer controller and an image processor to fully appreciate the processor's advantages. While a printer controller rapidly and precisely feeds dot data to the print engine, it only minimally processes the data. An image processor performs the same control function but is also capable of transforming and expanding a wide range of input formats. Consider an analogy with programming languages. An image processor can understand high-level languages, while a printer controller understands only low-level languages that resemble assembly code.

To look at it in another way, as image processors increase in sophistication, the image description can be more sophisticated, leading to a hierarchy. At the low end of the scale, a processor understands only bit-maps and characters. As such, the box acts as a simple printer controller. Interfacing this type of controller to a low-speed engine produces a laser printer that is essentially a typewriter or daisywheel replacement, such as the LaserJet.

Understanding what the print engine does makes it easier to understand the image processor's function. The engine contains a drum, which is scanned by the laser beam via rotating mirror, which allows the laser diode itself to remain fixed. The scanning is analogous to raster scanning within a television set. The beam striking the drum's surface creates a difference in charge that attracts toner powder from the toner supply. The paper is pre-charged before passing against the drum and carrying away the toner, which is subsequently fused onto the paper by a heat source (Fig. 3).

The laser printing engine requires a constant data rate higher than 1 million bits (one for each dot on the page) per second because the paper cannot be slowed or stopped while receiving data. The unique timing demands, and the engine's need for simple dot information, call for

Fig. 3. A laser printing engine's laser scans a photosensitive drum by way of a rotating mirror, creating a charge differential that is transferred to paper by contact with the drum. Toner attaches to the charged portions of the paper and fuses there by heat.
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MINI-MICRO SYSTEMS/August 1985
an image processor that can convert higher level image descriptions (characters, lines, area shadings, etc.) into a simple dot stream. Most image processors separate the task of image processing from the task of controlling the printer. Except in simple cases—such as only handling characters—most image processors accumulate an entire page image before starting the paper through the engine.

**Avoids wait states**

So how does this new piece of intelligence fit into computing? Consider a description of a document as it progresses through the system. First, the user creates a document via some user interface that may deal with images at a high level (a library of pictures, for instance). Then, the system must convert the remaining representation into a language that the image processor will understand. The more complex the objects that the image processor can construct from brief, high-level commands, the less processing the host system has to do. The relationship between host and image processor is one of peer processor, rather than host driving a dumb controller.

The most popular approach to image processing is to create a simple full-page bit-map (1 bit of memory for each dot on a page), process each page, and then proceed with the control task (sending it out to the print engine). Such an approach is straightforward—the image processor performs only one task at a time—but its limitations are equally clear. Resources are poorly used in a single-page design. For instance, the bit-map of a page ranges in size from 1M to 3M bytes, (or more, depending on the resolution and maximum paper size of the print engine to be supported). Also, although over 90 percent of a typical page is white space, memory must nonetheless be allocated to it. More important, the bit-map can be used by only one task at a time: either image processing or controlling.

Furthermore, to provide tolerable page-processing time, the image-processor CPU must be fast. However, this speed is wasted during the controlling task, during which the CPU is occupied perhaps 20 percent of the time, but still cannot process any of the next page because the single bit-map is tied up. Therefore, even with low prices for memory, the solution of creating two complete bit-maps—one for each task—is shortsighted. It could result in increased demand for more-complicated bit-maps driving up overall costs, despite low memory costs.

Imagen's real-time rasterization involves a sophisticated approach to image-processor design (Fig. 4). Instead of processing the input description directly into a full-page bit-map, an intermediate page description is created. The image processor converts this intermediate description into a full-page bit-map, using a much smaller amount of memory. Imagen's real-time rasterization creates an intermediate page description, typically using 10,000 to 20,000 bytes—about 1 percent to 2 percent of the memory required for a typical bit-map.

**Fig. 4. The most popular approach to image processing uses a full-page bit map, in which there is 1 bit of memory for each dot on a page. Imagen's real-time rasterization creates an intermediate page description, typically using 10,000 to 20,000 bytes—about 1 percent to 2 percent of the memory required for a typical bit-map.**

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The relationship between host and image processor is one of peer processor, rather than host driving a dumb controller.
Sometimes real-time rasterization is not appropriate, such as when a densely detailed drawing must be reproduced.

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**POPULAR PAGE DESCRIPTION LANGUAGES**

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<td>QUIC</td>
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<td>page description</td>
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<td>page description</td>
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<td>Interpress</td>
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<td>document description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDL</td>
<td>1985</td>
<td>document description</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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The controller paints the dot image of the page, one scan-line at a time, staying just ahead of the print engine, which is printing while both processing and controlling are occurring. Because the controller is working with a pre-processed page description, its task is simplified, and relatively little processing is required. The intermediate page description has also been so ordered that the controller can work through the description sequentially.

Normally, rasterization requires a full bit-map, which engenders delays because communication between processor and printer is not transacted until the entire bit-map is complete. Real-time rasterization obviates the process/print/process/print cycle. The result of this new approach offers several important advantages to system integrators. The most obvious is performance: print engines driven by real-time rasterizing image processors can run at their rated speed (as fast as they can feed paper).

More important, the compact page description allows the image processor to consider much more than the page being printed. Therefore, in addition to unburdening the host system, the image processor performs many copier functions: page reversals, collation, multiple copies and jam recovery (automatic reprinting of pages passing through the print engine during a paper jam).

Sometimes real-time rasterization is not appropriate, such as when a densely detailed drawing must be reproduced. Here, the scan-line being rasterized may have too many vectors passing through it, each of which must be rasterized. In these cases, pre-rasterization is best applied. If a pre-rasterization code is attached to the job header, the image processor will pre-process the pages in a different manner. So, instead of processing partial-page descriptions, full-page descriptions are created. And, though a full-page bit-map is essentially created, the system remains intelligent. Again, no memory is used for white or redundant areas. In extreme cases this process might require as much memory as a full-page bit map, but most of the time requires much less.

**Product uses three processors**

Pages requiring pre-rasterization are rare in business documents, but more common in exotic, detailed engineering graphics. The only other situation when real-time rasterization does not provide dramatic compression of memory requirements occurs when bit maps are sent from the host. Rather than alter the host data in any way, the bit-map is faithfully accumulated. Naturally, this method requires sufficient memory to store the bit-map.

Imagen's product line centers on two architectures: a single-board ROM-based system, (the ImageStation series), and a Multibus floppy disk-based system (the ImageServer series). Both architectures use separate personality modules that permit interfacing to different print engines. These two image processors support a range of engines (from 8 to 60 ppm on up to 11-by 17-inch paper), and are completely compatible with the system driving them. This family approach spawns a full-line solution to OEMs and end-users.

While the ImageServer series employs three microprocessors to simultaneously perform front-end communications, page compilation and rasterization, and engine control, the ImageStation series uses a single processor, which shares its time among the tasks. This streamlined architecture results in a low-cost image processor. The ImageStation series focuses on individual and small group usage. The higher performance ImageServer series can drive engines as fast as 60 ppm. In contrast, the ImageStation series, tuned for value, runs at 8 to 12 ppm. The ImageStation series can print the same range of documents that the ImageServer series can.

The ImageStation series consists of three models, providing a continuum in capability. The Executive model, suitable for text and business graphics, has 256K bytes of memory. The De-
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Advanced Matrix Technology Inc.

CIRCLE NO. 60 ON INQUIRY CARD
signer model has 512K bytes of memory, which allows for large documents to be collated or reversed, as well as for more sophisticated graphics. The top of the line Innovator, with 1.5M bytes of memory can collate or reverse 100-page documents, or pre-rasterize the most demanding graphic. All three models contain the same main board, allowing font ROMs to be added either in the factory or later in the field.

Most hardware is consolidated on one board in the ImageStation. The engine-dependent portions, however, are isolated on a separate personality module. This setup permits easy adaptation of the ImageStation image processor to different print engines and allows OEMs the flexibility of choosing the engine that fits their needs. All three models of the ImageStation series use the industry-standard Canon LBP-CX. Like the HP LaserJet and Apple LaserWriter, ImageStations can print on up to 8½-by-14-inch paper, transparencies and labels. The cartridge contains the toner supply and 60 percent of the moving parts, leading to simplified maintenance.

**Words describe a page**

The power of non-impact printing technologies such as laser printers is a mixed blessing. Because the smallest unit that can be printed is a tiny dot (at any location on the page), such technologies can print a wider range of images than older printers, which were limited to some fixed character set. But along with the greater freedom lasers provide comes greater complexity: a page description must now accommodate the wider range of possible images. The host system could simply talk to the printer in a "native mode" of dots, but even at low speed (8 ppm), the processing and I/O load are considerable—over 100,000 bytes describing the dot stream must be computed and sent every second. Page-description languages allow the host application to describe a page image in higher level terms—the characters, lines, textures, and other primitives that make up complex images.

Like programming languages, page-description languages evolve from some heritage that defines what functions each language performs best, how each language spreads the computing load between host and printer, and which applications support which languages. In general, as the language supports higher level objects, the host driver program that generates the description works less, and the image processor must work more to expand the description to the required dot stream.

In general, the newer the language, the more flexible and powerful it is. The earliest languages were document-composition languages, intended mainly for text-oriented output devices. More recently, software has been "written to allow these languages to drive laser devices. Languages that gracefully support graphics include imPRESS (from Imagen) and QUIC (from QMS Inc.). Other languages evolved to primarily support typesetting, including TeX, Scribe and troff. The laser printer’s emulation of other printers and displays allows many applications to output on a laser printer without changing the application. In addition to simple line-printer emulators, popular emulators include the Tektronix 4014 from Tektronix Inc., and the Diablo 630 ECS from Diablo Systems Inc. Although these are not true page-description languages, they get the job done, while not generally allowing access to the full power of the printer.

More recent languages reflect the higher sophistication that has come from years of experience with non-impact technologies. PostScript (from Adobe Systems Inc.), DDL (from Imagen), and Interpress (from Xerox) reflect next-generation designs. All these languages allow any page imaginable to be described. The differences between them are more subtle than a simple feature-set comparison: equivocal characteristics such as language difficulty and implementation become significant. It is one thing to say that a language allows a certain image to be described. The real issues are how difficult that description is to assemble, and how efficiently it can be executed by the printer. Implementation of a given language can drastically affect performance or even the actual end-result image. Like programming languages, it appears that several of the page-description languages, in use or proposed, may emerge as separately applied standards.

Although laser printers clearly provide a leap in print quality, standards are still emerging. Although basic printer-controller functions are well-defined, image processors are still adding major features. Because of the flux in printing-engine features and page-description technologies, the near future is more likely to be described in ink than engraved in stone.

David Buchanan, a product manager at Imagen Corp., previously worked for IMSAI and Hewlett-Packard Co. He received his bachelor of science degree in electrical engineering from the University of California at Berkeley.

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**Real-time rasterization converts the document into a list of software pointers.**

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Software developers and turnkey vendors are rushing out IBM PC-based products that promise higher resolution and processing speed.

Jerry Borrell
Senior Western Editor

Encouraged by enthusiastic buyer response and a growing body of application software, dozens of manufacturers are supplying high-performance graphics cards for the IBM Corp. PC family. The Intel Corp. 80286-implemented generation of microcomputers has provided a push to the buying activity. These machines give users access to graphics applications heretofore available only on minicomputers.

Sales of microcomputer-based application software for computer-aided design, computer-aided engineering and business reflect this new access to graphics. More of this software is coming because PCs are being installed in greater numbers than are graphics terminals.

IBM encouraged competition from independent vendors by announcing the Enhanced Graphics Adapter (EGA) and the Professional Graphics Controller (PGC), which cleared the way for higher quality graphics for PCs. More important, the products' technical weaknesses further opened the door to competition. Sources suggest that IBM believes the PGC represents a strategic error for the company, because it made the PC-AT package competitive with IBM's own mainframe-based software and graphics terminals. IBM has since disbanded the technical group responsible for the design of the PGC, but it has created significant user dissatisfaction about PGC service and support.

The PC and its graphics cards have reached the performance levels of minicomputers and smart terminals. Accelerated VLSI development has hastened the performance advances. For their part, graphics-terminal manufacturers have fostered growth by implementing low-cost VLSI-based chips, thus reducing the overall cost of manufacturing. The Motorola Inc. MC6845 and NEC America Inc. 7220 chips are good examples. These two devices are, respectively, monochrome and color CRT controller devices implemented in VLSI. They were primarily responsible for the wealth of lower cost graphics.
PC GRAPHICS

terminals that began to appear in 1982 and 1983. Control Systems Inc. and Hercules Computer Technology were the first to market monochrome and color graphics cards for the PC employing these chips. Control Systems in 1982 released the first high-performance color card, with 1,024-by-1,024 resolution and 16 colors. Hercules has sold over 300,000 of its cards, according to company president Kevin Jenkins.

The new generation of graphics cards is based on several approaches to providing faster graphics processing. NEC has introduced a second group of 7220 parts offering clock rates of 20 MHz and 60 MHz. This extra speed enables BNW Inc. and Tat Advanced Technology Ltd. to offer greater than 1,204-by-780 resolution at higher pixel drawing speeds, albeit with a sacrifice in the displayable colors.

Other manufacturers are building cards around Hitachi America Ltd.'s new 63484 graphics chip. These include C.S.D. Inc., Frontier Technologies Corp. and Modgraph Inc. Some are even designing graphics processors with semi-customized tools such as gate arrays at the 4,000- to 6,000-gate level. These companies include Metheus Corp., Parallax Graphics Inc., Ramtek Corp. and Vectrix Corp.

Although all of these manufacturers place the controller within the PC, Cubicomp Corp. was first to build a graphics card external to the PC, an approach that decreases the cost of inte-
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tion and provides longer product life by allowing easier access to upgrades. Companies doing this include Aydin Controls, General Parametrics Corp., Gould Inc. and Omnicorp Graphics Corp.

**Support features needed**

The IBM machines themselves may limit graphics function, even as graphics processors become more powerful. This is especially true of the PC and PC/XT. One company, Seattle Telecom and Data Corp., has a unique solution in its card: an on-board Intel 80286 processor that replaces the PC's narrower, slower 8088. Because the Intel processor runs at a faster clock rate than the IBM processor, the card overcomes some of the speed limitations of the PC's 8-bit internal bus.

Despite the wider data bus and faster processing speed of the 80286, the old bottlenecks of graphics—processing graphics data and manipulating floating-point data—remain. To overcome these drawbacks, Marinco Computer Products Inc., San Diego, offers array processors.

Tackling the floating-point manipulation problems, Weitek Inc. makes a PC/AT Solids Modeling Engine, implemented in two cards. It currently works with the 8820 graphics controller from Vermont Microsystems Inc. (VMI). The engine will offload graphics tasks from the main CPU, allowing the PC/AT to process, render and interactively manipulate shaded 3-D models. Two other companies unite on-board processors with specific graphics processors. Orchid Technology Inc. uses Intel's 80188 and programmable logic arrays, while Verticom Inc. combines the Motorola MC68000, Zilog Inc. Z80 and a gate array.

The performance of the Weitek/VMI combination on a PC (priced at about $15,000) compares favorably with a low-range Digital Equipment Corp. VAX minicomputer and graphics terminal, which have a combined price of about $70,000.

**Software developments follow**

To be truly competitive for design, engineering and graphic-arts applications, however, the PC must access high-performance output devices such as electrostatic plotters, laser printers, pen plotters and film recorders. A third group of manufacturers builds the interface cards needed for the PC to handle such devices. The group comprises AMF Logic Sciences Inc., Concept Technologies Inc. and KMW Systems Corp.

The success of the vendors listed in the chart accompanying this article will enjoy depends on their ability to use popular graphics software and upon their ability to market hardware/software combinations. It's not clear whether software availability has led to more powerful graphics cards or vice versa, but examples support both claims. AutoDesk Inc. produces AutoCAD and has during the last two years sold over 25,000 copies. This success exemplifies how software can drive card development forward. Most card developers prefer to interface their package to AutoCAD and often cite the software as holding their major market potential.

Still other vendors, particularly turnkey system vendors that possess a body of software, are waiting for better IBM PC-card performance before extending their product offerings. Included among these are Auto-Trol Technology Corp., Computervision Corp. and MCS Inc.

Images generated on minicomputers can now use IBM PC workstations as remote display terminals, as shown by this graphic produced by Number Nine Computer's Revolution PC graphic board and Visual Engineering's Visual:GeniSys modeling software. Detail shows pixel definition is not discernable even when the graphic is blown up to five times its normal size.
These three CAD vendors say they are trying to prevent further erosion of market share to a growing body of PC-based CAD software vendors.

With the increase in the number of both hardware and software graphics products, the difficulties in making combinations of card and software work together have also increased. If these problems are to diminish, two standards issues must be addressed. First, the need for a standard interface between graphics software and graphics cards, and, second, the need for a common body of graphics functions. The virtual device interface (VDI) addresses the first issue, while a body of graphics-function definitions—graphical kernel system (GKS) and several independently developed packages—address the second issue.

IBM contracted with Graphic Software Systems Inc. (GSS) to provide the VDI, programmers toolkit and GKS library for the PC. A lack of support from IBM has let third parties work directly with GSS on the software. It remains unclear whether or not IBM's lack of support results from the fact that the VDI provides benefits for a large body of UNIX-based systems. Many of these systems—such as those from AT&T Information Systems—compete directly with IBM's products. The effect has been dissatisfaction with the GSS software due to (a) its slow porting to non-IBM cards, (b) IBM's initial specifications for the products, which left certain functions such as multwindowing, (c) inefficient graphics-driver development by card manufacturers and (d) lack of 3-D implementation.

Another area of graphics functionality may provide even less agreement. IBM, again via

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Representative directory of manufacturers

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<td>AST Research Inc.</td>
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<td>Aydin Controls</td>
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<td>BNW Inc.</td>
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<td>Genoa Systems Corp.</td>
<td>73 E. Trimble Road San Jose, Calif. 95131</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gould Inc.</td>
<td>Imaging and Graphics Div. 1870 Lundy Drive San Jose, Calif. 95131</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H.M. Technologies Inc.</td>
<td>#300 1737 N. First St. San Jose, Calif. 95112</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hercules Computer Technology</td>
<td>2550 Ninth St. Berkeley, Calif. 94710</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IBM Corp.</td>
<td>P.O. Box 1328 Boca Raton, Fla. 33432</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ID Systems Corp.</td>
<td>6175-W Shamrock Court Dublin, Ohio 43017</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDEAssociates Inc.</td>
<td>35 Dunham Road Billerica, Mass. 01821</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imaging Technology Inc.</td>
<td>600 W. Cummings Park Woburn, Mass. 01801</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MA Systems Inc.</td>
<td>2015 O'Toole Ave San Jose, Calif. 95131</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
GSS, provides a library of graphics functions adhering to the international GKS standard. But the IBM version is intended only for the IBM graphics cards, leaving independent vendors with enormous application development. Third-party vendors have, as a result, written proprietary function libraries such as Halo, from Media Cybernetics Inc., Takoma Park, Md. Widely used, Halo has attained de facto-standard status. It's certainly the most widely used library.

The advantages of both standards are straightforward. They allow the software vendor to utilize any graphics controller for which drivers can be written. By the same token, the graphics-controller vendor can write software drivers more easily for their cards because functions are standardized. Last spring the National Computer Graphics Association (NCGA) endorsed yet another standard, the Programmers Hierarchical

### Digital painting

Digital painting can realistically aspire to art with boards such as Number Nine Computer’s Revolution PC graphic board. (Drawing by Scott Lewczak)
Interactive Graphics Standard (PHIGS), thereby offering little hope of resolving the standards debate.

Some bundle card and monitor

Connecting a monitor to a new high-performance card presents one of the PC’s intractable problems, having to do with the cards’ refresh rates. Monitors only operate within a narrow range of refresh rates, as many card purchasers have discovered. Several vendors avoid this issue by bundling card and monitor. These include Amdek Inc., Emulex Corp., Quadram Corp., Temic Inc. and Verticom Inc.

Several card vendors provide a disk that allows users to perform a setup routine that specifies what type of monitor is needed. Princeton Graphics Systems produces a version of its HX-12 monitor that allows users to switch between different refresh rates, allowing various graphics cards to run.

Another problem stems from the type of signal output. IBM’s original CGA adapter outputs a TTL-type signal, limiting the display to 16 colors. Fortunately, both EGA and PGC produce analog or red-green-blue (RGB) signals and thus offer a wide range of colors. This shift from TTL to RGB has brought into the market traditional suppliers of high-quality monitors for graphics terminals such as Mitsubishi Electronics America Inc.

New applications are imminent

While the search for solutions to the hardware and software issues is proceeding apace, new applications areas are developing quickly, particularly in imaging, graphics arts, business and manufacturing.

As resolution and color availability increase, applications formerly limited to high-cost image processing systems migrate downward to personal computers. The PC Eye card from Chorus Data Systems, for example, has permitted the company to expand its software into areas such as machine vision (for robot vision, pattern recognition and automatic inspection) and online personnel files that incorporate photographs and data. Number Nine Computer Corp., one of the first suppliers of “true color” (24 bits of color per pixel) for the IBM PC, has seen its card implemented in several turnkey systems for the graphics arts. Software developers such as Cubicomp and West End Films Inc., make use of solids-modeling packages on the PC to serve filmmaking and animation.

Several more mundane, but potentially more profitable, areas remain to be exploited. Emulex, Quadram and Paradise Systems Inc. have incorporated graphics control onto cards, including memory and communications ports. Others offer combination cards that join monochrome and color display functions. These companies include Genoa Systems Corp., Personal Computer Products Inc. and Profit Systems Inc. Their lucrative potential lies in solving hardware problems for business users at prices below those of IBM.

Marketing approach must change

As the number of graphics products changes from hundreds to thousands of units, changes must follow in marketing. Graphics terminal vendors rightfully point out that graphics purchasers require more support, training, and maintenance of products than do buyers of other personal computer technology. Turnkey vendors similarly wonder how efficient it is to sell sophisticated graphics software through retail outlets.
Introducing seven different ASCII displays...
The new IBM 3161 ASCII Display Station is really seven different ASCII displays in one.

In addition to its own function-rich native mode, the new IBM 3161 can emulate the IBM 3101 Model 881, ADDS Viewpoint, Hazeltine 1500, Lear Siegler ADM-3A and ADM-5 and TeleVideo 910.*

Besides fitting nicely into existing systems, the IBM 3161 also offers impressive improvements in ergonomics.

**Improved Ergonomics For Improved Productivity**

Take the 102-key ASCII-style keyboard, for example. Its low profile, gentle contour and typewriter touch make for faster keying with fewer errors. The keyboard has programmable function and editing keys so it can be custom-tailored to meet your application needs.

Then, for comfortable viewing, there’s the tilt and swivel of the 12” display. And the sharp, clear 8 x 16 character matrix for easy reading. Plus cursor, character and field attributes (blink, reverse video, underscore, dual intensity, etc.). And scrolling. And partitioning. And lots more.

**The IBM 3163 with Plug-in Cartridge**

And, as if that weren’t enough, we’re also announcing a second new ASCII display station with even higher function—the IBM 3163.

Outwardly, these two new displays look alike. But the 3163, in addition to its built-in emulation of the IBM 3101 Model 881, also offers the ability to emulate the DEC VT 52 and VT 100* by means of a unique plug-in cartridge.

And while you’ll like the power and flexibility of the 3161, for your high-function applications the 3163 goes even further. For example, a 7,680-character buffer and up to three windows enable you to view and modify portions of different host data bases. The 3163 lets you redefine and even recap the keys.

On both displays the setup is menu-guided and written in plain English, so it can be done easily and quickly. The point is, both are designed to improve your user productivity.

**Very Attractive Prices**

The price per terminal is $695 for the 3161 and $1,095 for the 3163. Quantity discounts are available. What’s more,

---

*ADDS Viewpoint is a trademark of Applied Digital Data Systems, Inc.; Hazeltine E500 is a trademark of Hazeltine Corp.; Lear Siegler ADM-3A/ADM-5 are trademarks of Lear Siegler, Inc.; Tele Video 910 is a trademark of Tele Video Systems, Inc.; DEC VT 52/VT 100 are trademarks of Digital Equipment Corporation.

---

IBM maintenance offerings start as low as $35 per year per terminal for customer carry-in repair.

Now there’s a new family of ASCII displays with the quality, service and support IBM is famous for. Both displays are available through IBM Authorized Distributors and IBM marketing representatives.

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**FEATURES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>3161</th>
<th>3163</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lines x Characters</td>
<td>25 x 80</td>
<td>25 x 80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double-sized chars</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Line drawing chars</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vertical scroll</td>
<td>Jump</td>
<td>Jump/Smooth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Definable function keys</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windowing</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partitioning</td>
<td>Horiz</td>
<td>Vert/Horiz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

Call 1 800 IBM-2468, Ext. LE/96 for the name of an Authorized Distributor near you.
in one.

The IBM 3161 ASCII Display Station

CIRCLE NO. 65 ON INQUIRY CARD
Houston Instrument offers you the ultimate match between high performance and low price with our new TRUE GRID Digitizers. These flexible and intelligent digitizers are designed to offer system builders a versatile collection of powerful, productive, graphics input tools.

Whether you need a digitizer for cursor control or to complement a computer-aided design configuration, these new products give you all the graphics features you need to match your particular application.

If you want a compact digitizer for menu picking or cursor control, we offer our TRUE GRID 1000 Series tablets with active areas ranging in size from 5 x 5 inches to 11 x 17 inches. These tablets feature a resolution of .005 inch, a built-in RS-232-C compatible interface, and a choice of a stylus, one-button cursor, or four-button cursor.

For mechanical, electrical, mapping, architectural, and surveying applications, we’ve designed the TRUE GRID 8000 Series digitizers with active areas ranging in size from 11 x 11 inches to 24 x 36 inches. Featuring a high resolution of .001 inch and built-in RS-232-C compatible interface, these precision digitizers can be used with either of our new three-button or 16-button cursors.

All of our TRUE GRID Digitizers are easy to configure, durable, and so reliable we can offer you a one-year warranty plan. You’ll also find that these sleek, wedge-shaped digitizers will fit into any environment...or system configuration.

At Houston Instrument, we’re confident our TRUE GRID Digitizers are the natural choice for high-performance graphics communication. For more information, write us at 8500 Cameron Road, Austin, Texas 78753 or call us at 1-800-531-5205. (In Texas, please phone 512-835-0900.) Houston Instrument products are designed, marketed, and manufactured in Austin, Texas.

TRUE GRID is a trademark of Houston Instrument.

CIRCLE NO. 66 ON INQUIRY CARD
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manufacturer</th>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Resolution (x)</th>
<th>Additonal display capabilities</th>
<th>Graphics Processor</th>
<th>Color capability (color, monochrome)</th>
<th>Display interfaces</th>
<th>executable (CGA, EGA, CGA)</th>
<th>External monitor (VGA, MDA)</th>
<th>VDI, CGA, or Hercules</th>
<th>Cost ($)</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applied Computer Products Inc.</td>
<td>Bigraphix</td>
<td>720 x 345</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>monochrome and color, 16/16</td>
<td>TTL, NTSC, RGB</td>
<td>CGA</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>VA, CGA, or Hercules</td>
<td>395</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AST Research Inc.</td>
<td>Color Graph Plus</td>
<td>640 x 200</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>monochrome, 16/16</td>
<td>TTL, RGB</td>
<td>CGA</td>
<td>Halo</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>1,295</td>
<td>memory expansion needed for 16 colors, parallel port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AT&amp;T Information Systems</td>
<td>Image Capture Board</td>
<td>256 x 256</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>WE 2292D</td>
<td>32,768/32,768</td>
<td>NTSC, RGB</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>1,295</td>
<td>695 VDI</td>
<td></td>
<td>frame grabber and frame buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Video Display Adapter</td>
<td>256 x 256</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>WE 2292D</td>
<td>256/32,768</td>
<td>NTSC, RGB</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>VDI, Halo</td>
<td>695</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BMW Corp.</td>
<td>Targa</td>
<td>512 x 256</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>WE 2292D</td>
<td>64M/64M</td>
<td>NTSC, RGB</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Halo</td>
<td>9,300* external; includes on-board 8086/8087</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CN Indeed Holdings</td>
<td>2010 Tribune</td>
<td>1,024 x 720</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>NEC 7220</td>
<td>256/4096</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>9,300* external; includes on-board 8086/8087</td>
<td>2 slots required</td>
<td>3,995</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California Computer Systems</td>
<td>Supervision</td>
<td>720 x 348</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>Hercules</td>
<td>Halo</td>
<td>599</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chorus Data System</td>
<td>Model A229</td>
<td>640 x 200</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono, 4/16</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>CGA</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>245</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control Systems Inc.</td>
<td>PC Eye</td>
<td>640 x 400</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>discrete</td>
<td>256 grey scale, 256/256</td>
<td>NTSC, TTL</td>
<td>CGA</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>1,495 sold with IMIGIT software and input camera</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Datacube Inc.</td>
<td>Graphcard 100</td>
<td>720 x 352</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>Hercules</td>
<td>VDI</td>
<td>1,250</td>
<td></td>
<td>part of Conceptcard that drives laser printer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Envisi Corp.</td>
<td>Cono-Color 40</td>
<td>640 x 340</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>16/256</td>
<td>TTL, NTSC, RGB</td>
<td>CGA</td>
<td>Halo</td>
<td>995</td>
<td></td>
<td>firmware uses parametric primitives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control Systems Inc.</td>
<td>Artist 1</td>
<td>1,024 x 1,024</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>NEC 7220</td>
<td>16/4096</td>
<td>TTL, NTSC, RGB</td>
<td>4110, 4105/115</td>
<td>2,995</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Control Systems Inc.</td>
<td>Artist 2</td>
<td>1,024 x 1,024</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>NEC 7220</td>
<td>16/4096</td>
<td>TTL, NTSC, RGB</td>
<td>4110, 4105/115</td>
<td>1,395</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Control Systems Inc.</td>
<td>Artist Transformer</td>
<td>1,024 x 1,024</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>NEC 7220</td>
<td>16/4096</td>
<td>TTL, NTSC, RGB</td>
<td>4110, 4105/115, CGA</td>
<td>1,995</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>tran. card converts all PC software to high resolution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cubicomp Corp.</td>
<td>CS/16</td>
<td>512 x 512</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>discrete logic</td>
<td>64,000/16M</td>
<td>NTSC, RGB</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>25,000* CS-161S hardware for picture maker animation system; external</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Datacube Inc.</td>
<td>IVG-128</td>
<td>512 x 384</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>discrete-PALS</td>
<td>256/16M</td>
<td>NTSC, RGB</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>2,995</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>frame grabber and frame buffer</td>
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<tr>
<td>Emulex Corp./ Persyst Inc.</td>
<td>Bob Display Adapter</td>
<td>640 x 480</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono, 4/4</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>CGA</td>
<td>525*</td>
<td>750</td>
<td>daughter card needed for 640 x 400; switches from mono to color monitor</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excerex</td>
<td>Graphics Edge</td>
<td>720 x 348</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono, 16/16</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>CGA</td>
<td>499</td>
<td></td>
<td>runs mono, color monitors simultaneously</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excerex</td>
<td>The Edge</td>
<td>720 x 348</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono, 16/16</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>CGA</td>
<td>399</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Frontier Technologies Corp.</td>
<td>Cadgraph 1</td>
<td>1,024 x 1,024</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>NEC 7220</td>
<td>16/4096</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>GKS</td>
<td>995</td>
<td></td>
<td>includes on-board 80188/80187</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frontier Technologies Corp.</td>
<td>Cadgraph 2</td>
<td>1,024 x 1,024</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>NEC 7220</td>
<td>16/4096</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>GKS</td>
<td>795</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Technologies Corp.</td>
<td>Videoshow150</td>
<td>2,048 x 480</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>discrete-PALS</td>
<td>1,024/1,024</td>
<td>TTL, RGB, NTSC</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>3,499</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>external; includes on-board 8086, Picturelt presentation software</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genoa Systems Corp.</td>
<td>Spectrum</td>
<td>720 x 320</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono, 16/16</td>
<td>TTL, RGB</td>
<td>Hercules, CGA</td>
<td>459</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>runs mono, color simultaneously</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gould Inc.</td>
<td>FD-5000</td>
<td>512 x 512</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>discrete</td>
<td>16/16</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>image-processing software from minicomputer-based FD-500 included; external</td>
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<tr>
<td>HM Technologies Inc.</td>
<td>Color Graphics Card</td>
<td>640 x 400</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>4/16</td>
<td>TTL, NTSC, RGB</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>185</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
# Representative List of PC-Compatible Graphics Cards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manufacturer</th>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Resolution in Picture Elements</th>
<th>Additional Display Capabilities</th>
<th>Graphics Card</th>
<th>Color Capability</th>
<th>Display Outputs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hercules Computer Technology</td>
<td>Hercules Graphic Card</td>
<td>720 x 348</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IBM Corp.</td>
<td>Color Graphics Adapter (CGA)</td>
<td>320 x 200</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Enhanced Graphics Card (EGC)</td>
<td>640 x 350</td>
<td>yes, gate array</td>
<td>16/64</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>VDI, GKS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Professional Graphics Controller (PGC)</td>
<td>640 x 480</td>
<td>yes, discrete-PALS</td>
<td>256/4,096</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>VDI, GKS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ID Systems Corp.</td>
<td>ID-1501</td>
<td>1,024 x 7220</td>
<td>yes, Hitachi</td>
<td>PGC, Tek</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>VDI, GKS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDEAssociates Inc.</td>
<td>IDEAGRAPH</td>
<td>1,024 x 7220</td>
<td>yes, NEC</td>
<td>PGC</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>VDI, GKS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imaging Technology Inc.</td>
<td>PFG PC Frame Grabber</td>
<td>512 x 480</td>
<td>no, discrete array</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M.A. Systems Inc.</td>
<td>Peacock II</td>
<td>640 x 350</td>
<td>yes, gate array</td>
<td>PGC</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>VDI, GKS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Matrox Electronic Systems Ltd.</td>
<td>PG-640</td>
<td>640 x 480</td>
<td>no, discrete PALS</td>
<td>256/4,096</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>VDI, GKS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PG-1280</td>
<td>1,280 x 1,024</td>
<td>no, gate array</td>
<td>256/4,096</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>VDI, GKS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AP-512</td>
<td>512 x 512</td>
<td>yes, discrete</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PIP-1024</td>
<td>1,024 x 512</td>
<td>yes, discrete</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metheus Corp.</td>
<td>Omega PC Graphics Controller</td>
<td>1,024 x 7220</td>
<td>yes, NEC</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modgraph Inc.</td>
<td>GX2250</td>
<td>1,024 x 7220</td>
<td>yes, Hitachi</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>GX2150</td>
<td>1,024 x 7220</td>
<td>yes, Hitachi</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>GX2101</td>
<td>1,024 x 7220</td>
<td>yes, NEC</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>GX2201</td>
<td>1,024 x 7220</td>
<td>yes, NEC</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mylex Corp.</td>
<td>Chairman</td>
<td>640 x 400</td>
<td>yes, M 6845</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mylex Enhanced Graphics Adapter</td>
<td>640 x 400</td>
<td>yes, M 6845</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number Nine Computer Corp.</td>
<td>Revolution 512 x 8</td>
<td>512 x 512</td>
<td>yes, NEC</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Revolution 512 x 32</td>
<td>512 x 512</td>
<td>yes, NEC</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Revolution 1024 x 8</td>
<td>1,024 x 1,024</td>
<td>yes, NEC</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Revolution 1280 x 4</td>
<td>2,048 x 1,024</td>
<td>yes, Hitachi</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Omnicomp Graphics Corp.</td>
<td>Omni 1000 GDC</td>
<td>1,024 x 7220</td>
<td>yes, NEC</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orchid Technology Inc.</td>
<td>Turbo Graphics Controller</td>
<td>640 x 480</td>
<td>no, discrete-PALS</td>
<td>256/4,096</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>VDI, GKS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paradise Systems Inc.</td>
<td>Module Graphics Card</td>
<td>640 x 200</td>
<td>yes, M 6845</td>
<td>Mono</td>
<td>NTSC, TTL</td>
<td>CGA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Multi-Display Card</td>
<td>720 x 350</td>
<td>yes, M 6845</td>
<td>Mono</td>
<td>NTSC, TTL</td>
<td>CGA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Includes monitor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Comments</th>
<th>Cost</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Includes monitor
Last year, people like you got away with nearly $200 million from us.

Hewlett-Packard’s VAR discounts added up to some pretty good getaway money. Enough for a lot of trips to exotic, faraway places.

Take a look at Hewlett-Packard’s commercial VAR Program and think how far you could go.

It offers discounts up to 35% on HP 3000 computers and peripherals. 40% discounts on demo/development systems. 10% credits on system upgrades if your customer decides to upgrade through us.

Of course, Hewlett-Packard’s commercial VAR Program offers more than discounts. For instance, worldwide service and support, rated #1 by Datapro four years in a row.

And one of our strongest selling points: the new HP 3000 Series 37.

It’s a full-fledged mini-computer, expandable from 2 to 28 users. But the price for CPU, 1/2 Mbyte memory (expandable to 2 Mbyte), system software, console, 55 Mbyte disc drive and 67 Mbyte cartridge tape drive is just $21,950 (before quantity discounts).

So first get it all from Hewlett-Packard. Then get away from it all.

The HP Program for Value-Added Resellers

☐ Send me information on your commercial VAR program and the HP 3000 Series 37.
☐ Have an HP representative call me right away.

Name
Company
Address
City/State/Zip
Phone

Mail to: Bob Hall, Hewlett-Packard, Dept. 084223, 10520 Ridgeview Court, Cupertino, CA 95014 ISO 2516

CIRCLE NO. 67 ON INQUIRY CARD
### REPRESENTATIVE LIST OF PC-COMPATIBLE GRAPHICS CARDS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manufacturer</th>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Resolution in Pixel Elements</th>
<th>Additional display resolution pixels</th>
<th>Graphics Processor</th>
<th>Colors displayable concurrently</th>
<th>Degaussing Output</th>
<th>Hardware Emulation</th>
<th>VDI, GKS or Halo</th>
<th>Core (£)</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Parallax Graphics</strong></td>
<td>600 PC</td>
<td>640 x 480</td>
<td>yes gate array</td>
<td>16.7M/16.7M</td>
<td>RGB, NTSC</td>
<td>CGA, EGC</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>4,500</td>
<td></td>
<td>switchable from 30 to 60 Hz; 2 slots required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1280 PC</td>
<td>1,280 x 1,024</td>
<td>yes gate array</td>
<td>256/16.7M</td>
<td>RGB, NTSC</td>
<td>CGA, EGC</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>card set supports 3-D floating point match; 2 slots required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Personal Computer Products Inc.</strong></td>
<td>PC/Multi-Video</td>
<td>1,056 x 350</td>
<td>yes M 6845</td>
<td>16/16</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>CGA</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>495</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Plus Products (a division of LF Technology Inc.)</strong></td>
<td>Kaleido Card</td>
<td>640 x 400</td>
<td>yes M 6845</td>
<td>18/16</td>
<td>NTSC, TTL</td>
<td>CGA</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>595</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Princeton Graphics Systems</strong></td>
<td>Colorview</td>
<td>640 x 200</td>
<td>yes M 6845</td>
<td>16/16</td>
<td>NTSC, TTL</td>
<td>CGA</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>289</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Profit Systems Inc.</strong></td>
<td>Multi-Graph II</td>
<td>640 x 400</td>
<td>yes M 6845</td>
<td>4/16</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>CGA</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>255</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Quadram Corp.</strong></td>
<td>Palette Master</td>
<td>640 x 200</td>
<td>yes M 6845</td>
<td>256/260.000</td>
<td>TTL, RGB</td>
<td>CGA Halo</td>
<td>895</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Quadcolor</td>
<td>640 x 200</td>
<td>yes M 6845</td>
<td>4/16</td>
<td>TTL, NTSC</td>
<td>CGA Halo</td>
<td>255</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Quadcolor II</td>
<td>640 x 200</td>
<td>yes M 6845</td>
<td>16/16</td>
<td>TTL, NTSC</td>
<td>CGA Halo</td>
<td>445</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>upgrade for quadcolor: RAM, game port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Quadcolor Gold</td>
<td>320 x 200</td>
<td>no M 6845</td>
<td>4/16</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>CGA</td>
<td>795</td>
<td></td>
<td>640K-RAM, clock, serial and parallel ports</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Quintar Corp.</strong></td>
<td>Quintar 1000</td>
<td>512 x 512</td>
<td>no NEC 7220</td>
<td>16/4,096</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>HPGL, Chromatics CG</td>
<td>VDI 1,995*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Quintar 1080</td>
<td>832 x 630</td>
<td>no NEC 7220</td>
<td>16/4,096</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>HPGL, Chromatics CG</td>
<td>VDI 2,995*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Graphport</strong></td>
<td>Graphport</td>
<td>640 x 480</td>
<td>yes NEC 7220</td>
<td>16/4,096</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>VDI 1,995*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ramtek Corp.</strong></td>
<td>2901</td>
<td>1,280 x 1,024</td>
<td>no gate array, bipolar</td>
<td>256/16.7M</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>Tek 4115, CGA</td>
<td>GKS 3,000*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>external</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Scion Corp.</strong></td>
<td>PC 640</td>
<td>640 x 480</td>
<td>no discrete</td>
<td>16/4,096</td>
<td>RGB, TTL</td>
<td>VDI 1,595*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FAX 640</td>
<td>640 x 480</td>
<td>yes discrete-PALS</td>
<td>16 grey scale</td>
<td>NTSC</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>1,595</td>
<td></td>
<td>frame grabber card</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PC 640-32</td>
<td>640 x 480</td>
<td>yes discrete-PALS</td>
<td>16/16</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>795</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sigma Designs Inc.</strong></td>
<td>Color 400</td>
<td>640 x 400</td>
<td>no M 6845</td>
<td>16/16</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>995</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dazzler</td>
<td>1,024 x 1,024</td>
<td>yes NEC 7220</td>
<td>4/8</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>255</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dazzler II</td>
<td>640 x 400</td>
<td>no NEC 7220</td>
<td>16/16</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>995</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>STB Systems Inc.</strong></td>
<td>Graphix Plus II</td>
<td>640 x 352</td>
<td>yes M 6845</td>
<td>16/16</td>
<td>NTSC, TTL</td>
<td>CGA Halo</td>
<td>495</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>allows switch between mono, color monitors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chauffeur</td>
<td>640 x 352</td>
<td>yes M 6845</td>
<td>16/16</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>CGA Halo</td>
<td>395</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>runs color PC software in green shades</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TAT Advanced Technology Ltd.</strong></td>
<td>Galaxy 640</td>
<td>640 x 480</td>
<td>no NEC 7220</td>
<td>16/4,096</td>
<td>RGB, TTL</td>
<td>Tek 4101/4014, Tek 4105/07/09</td>
<td>no 1,850*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Galaxy 800</td>
<td>800 x 600</td>
<td>no NEC 7220</td>
<td>16/4,096</td>
<td>RGB, TTL</td>
<td>Tek 4101/4014, Tek 4105/07/09</td>
<td>no 1,850*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Galaxy 1024</td>
<td>1,024 x 1,024</td>
<td>yes NEC 7220</td>
<td>16/16</td>
<td>RGB, TTL</td>
<td>Tek 4101/4014, Tek 4105/07/09</td>
<td>no 2,400*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Galaxy 1024-1</td>
<td>1,024 x 768</td>
<td>no NEC 7220</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>Tek 4101/4014</td>
<td>no 5,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>option allows 32-x-200 mono and 640-x-480 color selection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tecmar Inc.</strong></td>
<td>Graphics Master</td>
<td>720 x 700</td>
<td>yes M 6845</td>
<td>16/16</td>
<td>RGB, NTSC, TTL</td>
<td>CGA Halo</td>
<td>695*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tektronix Inc.</strong></td>
<td>614 F32 PC Graphics Attachment</td>
<td>4,096 x 4,096</td>
<td>no discrete</td>
<td>mono analog</td>
<td>IBM 3277</td>
<td>no 1,495*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>card interfaces a direct view storage tube</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tseng Labs Inc.</strong></td>
<td>Ultrapak</td>
<td>720 x 348</td>
<td>yes M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>CGA, Hercules</td>
<td>680</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>drives color software in mono; clock, RAM, serial port, spooler</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Includes monitor
We have 2400 feet to stick in the door. So you can put yours in the sand.

You’ve all been working around the clock on the new software. It’s finished. It’s terrific. And you’re exhausted.

You really need a vacation. But, first you have to get out there and drum up business. Unless, of course, you’d rather Hewlett-Packard did the drumming for you.

Join our commercial Software Supplier program, and that’s exactly what happens. Our worldwide sales force will go to work, opening doors you may never know existed.

Your side of the bargain is to write software to run on HP 3000 business computers. For any kind of business you choose. Then help us close the deals.

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The HP Program for Software Suppliers is full of nice incentives like this. To find out about all of them, send in the coupon for our brochure.

Pretty soon, you could be on your way somewhere they’ve never even heard of computers. While we take care of business.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manufacturer</th>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Resolution in picture elements</th>
<th>Resolution suitable for</th>
<th>Graphics Processor</th>
<th>Color capabilities</th>
<th>Scanability</th>
<th>Display capabilities</th>
<th>Emulation capability</th>
<th>VDI, GKS or Halo</th>
<th>Cost ($)</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ultrapak-S</td>
<td>720 x 348</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>mono</td>
<td>TTL</td>
<td>CGA, Hercules</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>545</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Softpack daughter card allows PC software to run on 640-x-480 monitor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorpak</td>
<td>640 x 400</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>M 6845</td>
<td>16/16</td>
<td>NTSC, TTL</td>
<td>CGA</td>
<td>VDI</td>
<td>679</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2 slots required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vectrix Corp.</td>
<td>VX/PC</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>NEC 7220</td>
<td>512/16.7M</td>
<td>RGB, NTSC</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Halo</td>
<td>2,995*</td>
<td>2,495</td>
<td>2,995-*</td>
<td>20,000-vector-per-second drawing; 2 slots required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pepe</td>
<td>1,024 x 480</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>gate array</td>
<td>161/4,092</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>VDI</td>
<td>2,995*</td>
<td>4,495</td>
<td></td>
<td>only 100 percent PGC-compatible card; on-board 80188; 2 slots required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vermont Micro-systems Inc.</td>
<td>8820</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>discrete-PALS</td>
<td>256/262,000</td>
<td>RGB, NTSC</td>
<td>CGA, PGC</td>
<td>VDI</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>2,250*</td>
<td>2,875*</td>
<td>1-megapixel drawing; on-board ZBOA, M68000; 2 slots required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>includes on-board ZBOA, M68000; 2 slots required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Verticom Inc.</td>
<td>M-16</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>standard cell</td>
<td>16/4,096</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>CGA</td>
<td>GKS, Halo, VDI</td>
<td>2,250*</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td></td>
<td>100,000 vectors per sec; 100-megapixel drawing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>M-256</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>standard cell</td>
<td>256/4,096</td>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>CGA</td>
<td>GKS, Halo, VDI</td>
<td>2,875*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X TAR Electronics Inc.</td>
<td>Polygone IBM/PC Graphics Board</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>full-custom X-TAR chip</td>
<td>16/4,096</td>
<td>TTL, RGB</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>2,900* (OEM quan. 2-24)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>300 North Zeeb Road Dept. P.R. Ann Arbor, Mi. 48106</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Includes monitor

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Control-C Software, Inc.
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Portland, Oregon 97221
(503) 292-8842
TELEX: 151215 JLLCCS PTL

CIRCLE NO. 70
ON INQUIRY CARD
WHO MAKES
THE HIGHEST
QUALITY
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ASK SONY.
WE INVENTED IT.

Long before there was a market for 3.5” disks, in fact, four years before, there was Sony. And while every single 3.5” disk manufacturer has duplicated the Sony design, there’s one thing they haven’t been able to duplicate. Sony quality.

Such error-suppressing materials as VIVAX™ magnetic particles (the very core of the disk itself) have been developed by Sony. As is the case for our manufacturing process. It includes a burnishing technique that eliminates projections as small as 1/1,000,000 of a millimeter from the disk’s surface.

The result? Every time you use a Sony 3.5” disk you’re assured you’re using the best magnetic medium you can buy.

With somebody else’s, you can only guess.
Introducing Human Designed Systems' HDS200 Display Terminal Family

EASY ON YOUR EYES

Large, high-density characters make the HDS200 terminal the easiest to work with, even if you work with terminals all day. Our 15” monitor has more viewing area (62% more than competitive screens) so you can work comfortably.

EASY ON YOUR SPACE

A small, one-square-foot footprint lets the HDS200 terminal coexist comfortably with all your desktop tools. A far cry from other 15” displays that dominate your desk.

EASY ON YOUR BUDGET

In addition to the high resolution and small footprint that identify all terminals of the HDS200 family, each display has a unique set of advanced capabilities. The HDS200 ANSI/DEC-compatible terminal — 80/132 columns, 50 user-defined non-volatile keys, smooth scroll, double-high/-wide lines, four pages of memory (optionally eight), windows, viewports, multiple character sets and multiple computer networking. And only $995. The HDS200G graphics terminal — all the above plus 720 x 360 high-resolution screen, Tektronix 4010/4014 emulation (also Retro-Graphics, Visual, and others), local printer support with large buffer, and more. For only $1295.* And there are advanced APL models also.

*Single quantity price. Significant quantity discounts available.

HDS human designed systems, inc.
3440 Market Street □ Philadelphia, PA 19104
215-382-5000


CIRCLE NO. 72 ON INQUIRY CARD
LATEST LANGUAGES LINK DATA TO DIVERSE TASKS

Non-procedural fourth-generation languages groom databases for multiple applications

Carl Warren, Western Editor

So-called fourth-generation languages (4GLs) enhance database management system application development. They allow users to quickly define databases and to input fields and reports by using non-procedural references.

Unlike other high-level languages such as COBOL, which are procedural in nature and require application programs to be carefully defined in terms of program flow, 4GLs permit users to concentrate on the importance of the data within the database. Therefore, data handling becomes more important. In fact, some companies, such as Pro Computer Sciences Inc., Laguna Hills, Calif., claim their 4GL DBMS—the Pro-IV—can supplant the operating system.

Software vendors that offer database managers all assert the same thing: replacing the operating system, or at least making it transparent to the user, is an important feature of 4GLs.

"Database applications are the platforms upon which other applications are built," says Roger Sippl, president of Relational Database Systems Inc., Palo Alto, Calif. "Unfortunately," he argues, "applications are fragmented over many different database languages." (see "SQL: an argument to standardize." Page 138).

The new 4GLs are designed to be used in interactive environments. Therefore, these languages provide statements that allow data retrieval and updating, and specification of data dictionaries. This allows a programmer to write programs on a terminal and use data either in local databases or in remote mainframe storage devices.

The prime purpose of a 4GL is to serve as the interface between the application program and the DBMS. Therefore, these languages, of which many different approaches exist, are often referred to as data-manipulation languages. Moreover, 4GL syntax can be embedded into other languages such as COBOL or C.

Among the functions found in a 4GL are commands that open and close a file or set of records, and commands that find specific records, record types or elements of records. Fourth-generation languages also allow modification of data within a record and insertion of new information into the database.

An important feature of a 4GL such as IBM Corp.'s Structured Query Language (SQL) is its ability to serve data to diverse applications.
The prime purpose of a 4GL is to serve as the interface between the application program and the DBMS.

Therefore, a pool of data (databank) can be used for more than one application. However, several problems can arise:

- Data elements can be scattered and have no common link
- Each application module requires a different formatting, thus varying field sizes
- Multiple references to the same data element can exist in the database, which complicates choosing specific items.

Additionally, large common database pools that have multiple references, or occurrences (sets) of the same data, tend to make inefficient use of disk storage space. Also, old records can be updated and new ones purged by accident.

To overcome these problems, 4GLs provide a method of linking data elements to many different applications. As a result, data need not be rekeyed, which eliminates multiple references and frees up storage space. Moreover, the data becomes more cohesive as better relationships are established from field-to-field, record-to-record and file-to-file. Fourth-generation languages provide macro procedures (grouping of commands) that connect the data elements in an efficient manner, while dictating the program flow in relationship to the data.

**Glossary of database terms**

**Access method:** The technique of moving data between the computer and a peripheral storage device. Databases usually use access methods that allow quick retrieval of data based on keys. An example is the indexed sequential access method (ISAM).

**CODASYL (Conference on Data Systems Languages):** The Conference specifies programming languages such as COBOL. It also defines manufacturer and application-independent languages for database management.

**Cylinder concept:** The concept that data on all tracks above and below the one currently being used is available by merely switching read/write heads. Allows access to large amounts of information with no extra movement of the access devices.

**Data-description language:** A language that describes data in logical terms for the database software to use.

**Data dictionary:** A special catalog that describes all the data types by name, structure, size and attributes.

**Field:** Also referred to as a data item. The smallest unit of data used to describe information in a database. A record format consists of a list of field names, with each field possessing a fixed number of bytes and having a fixed data type.

**ISAM:** Indexed-sequential-access method, in which indexes and blocks are designed to fit specific file units. Typically, ISAM files are grouped to fit onto physical disk tracks. On one track of a cylinder is an index that contains pointers to the information stored in the cylinder. Thus, accesses are minimized since the index item points to the location(s) of the data.

**Schema:** Basically a map of the overall logical structure of a database. However, the CODASYL definition says that a schema consists of a data-description language and defines all the set occurrences and associated data items as they exist in the database.

**Set:** A collection of record types that establishes the characteristics of an arbitrary number of occurrences. Each set defined in a schema must have one of its record types declared its owner and one or more declared as members.

**Subschema:** Whereas a schema gives the logical view of the data, a subschema gives the program's view of the data he intends to use. Theoretically, he derives this by analyzing the complete view of the data, but in practice defines it as he sees the need for various data fields and relationships.

**Tuple:** A group of related data fields. For example, the fields that make up a street address, city, state and zip code are all related and thus can be considered a tuple.

Alan V. Cameron, chairman of MegaGroup Inc., Irvine, Calif., believes that establishing a common information area (e.g., database or spreadsheet) and using high-level languages to link applications allow the creation of complex applications. "Users not only need access to the data, but also a way of using it for decision support, such as via a spreadsheet. A 4GL such as IBM's SQL provides that link," says Cameron.

**Interchange formats link data**

Vendors are offering a wide range of DBMS solutions from which to choose. These solutions range from mainframe to microcomputer implementations, or a combination of both using micro-to-mainframe communication (MMS, May, Page 91). Micro-to-mainframe links hold great promise for business applications because they allow the mainframe to act as a giant file server providing many microcomputers and users with access to records.

DBMS vendors also concern themselves with the various file formats used by microcomputer-based software. Lotus Development Corp. 1-2-3 files, for example, are saved in an internal format called worksheet files (WKS). These files...
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Document interchange format (DIF) files define data in terms of tables. Columns and rows are called vectors and tuples, respectively. Each DIF data file has a header section that defines the labels and tuples. The data section starts with the beginning of tuple (BOT) and ends with an end of data (EOD), both of which serve as flags to the importing application.

SQL: an argument to standardize

Roger Sippi, Relational Database Systems Inc.

Software developers selling to business users find database management applications are taking the place of operating systems. Increasingly, database management systems, and not UNIX or DOS, are the platforms upon which applications are built. Unfortunately, and unlike operating systems, there are few standards in databases.

The time has come for a database language standard. The best candidate for that role is the well-known and popular Structured Query Language (SQL). Devised by IBM Corp. during the 1970s, SQL is the "grandfather" relational database language. It features an English command structure that embodies the complete relational database model.

Applying SQL as a database management standard will permit application developers to promote the functionality of new software and to achieve the kind of integrated packages the next generation of hardware will need.

A database management standard language would provide developers a number of advantages. It would, for instance, help keep down the costs of application development and harness some of the man-hours that are now wasted learning more than one set of language principles and syntax. In addition, standardization would make systems easier to move from one machine to another. Database standardization could even provide system designers with cross-compatibility among operating systems.

At present, the lack of a standard database language costs system developers, software houses, the government and users billions of programming dollars. In many cases it also adds months or years to the time it takes to bring a product to market, or in-house applications into use.

But with SQL as a standard database language, both software developers and in-house applications programmers could realize increases in several ways. They could:

- Simplify development by reducing the amount of source code in an application
- Make application porting easier
- Reduce training time of programming analysts, making them more productive
- Promote the kind of transportability between operating systems that integrators and system developers require
- Allow multiple applications to integrate with each other through a common database.

In addition, SQL is relatively well-known. Simply be-
universal standard. In addition, DIF files can be written using any language—including 4GLs. Furthermore, DIF isn’t dependent on the specific features of a computer or application. Therefore, the format is independent of the data elements and avoids special, or vendor-unique, features.

Similar to WKS, SYLK and SDF interchange formats, the DIF format represents data in tables which include data point location and descriptive information. Although tables are made up of rows and columns, DIF elements are called vectors and tuples. Each tuple contains data from each vector (rows cut across columns). Therefore, a tuple can represent more than one data element.

A DIF file begins with a topic name, (e.g. travel expenses), the vector number and data values. The data is organized in the form of tuples. Within the tuples, values are arranged according to the order of the vectors. Each data entry consists of three fields on two lines. The tuples also contain the data and the location of the data as it should exist in the table, as defined by the vector. The important point is that the various data can be used by several applications.

WKS, SYLK and SDF allow the same interpolation, but, unlike DIF, are vendor unique.

However, once the layout of the format is known, translation can be performed to use the data. And a 4GL, albeit database oriented, can be used to handle the translation across machine and application types.

In the early 1970s, procedural languages such as COBOL were the mainstream business languages. Now, says Richard Cobb, vice president and general manager of information technology cause it is the one of the oldest database languages, with almost a decade of development time behind it, there are few database programmers who don’t already know something about it.

Also, an SQL database product is generally implemented with a front-end/back-end architecture, where one “back-end process” runs on a machine that does the database retrievals and manipulations while the “front-end” processes interact with the user. This architecture makes it ideal for micro-to-mainframe, or other, intermachine networking.

Then again, SQL has a wide base of support. It already has caught on particularly well with suppliers of database software for UNIX-based superminicomputers and is picking up popularity on personal computers as well.

Finally, SQL can provide the foundation for cross-vendor integration. Many products use databases of information, even though they may not be built on database management systems. For example, word-processor products generally have mail/merge facilities allowing the user to send out form letters. But it’s often next to impossible for that word processor to enter a company database—or other software, such as accounting packages—and extract the information necessary to make a letter really useful.

However, if that word processor’s mail/merge facility is written in Embedded SQL, for example, and the accounting package, database system or other in-house application had been as well, the word processor could go straight to the database and get information. Similarly, a graphics program would be able to get the information straight from an accounting or scientific database, and draw graphs immediately, based upon absolutely current data.

The companies building these different applications would never have to meet each other. But they would have to meet SQL and use it in their applications.

Relational Database Systems Inc., Palo Alto, Calif., is promoting the SQL standard with its “Hooks” program. The company will license, at no fee, an initial development copy of its Informix-ESQL/C (embedded SQL for C programmers) to any legitimate software supplier.

The free copy is available for several of the many machines to which Informix-SQL and other RDS products are being ported. The software developer must agree to submit any product so integrated to RDS for inclusion in RDS’ Independent Software Vendor catalog, as well as some other conditions of the license.

Roger Sipli is president and founder of Relational Database Systems Inc., Palo Alto, Calif.
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CIRCLE NO. 73 ON INQUIRY CARD
at Martin Marietta Data Systems Co., Greenbelt, Md., we are seeing nonprocedural, or 4GL systems, enter that mainstream to supplement, and in some cases replace, COBOL for applications development.

Cobb says that 4GLs are accounting for a larger segment of application development because databases are the foundations on which many applications are developed. Accounting and financial applications make up about 22 percent of the current base of 4GL-implemented applications, with marketing and sales accounting for 16 percent. "The trend is clearly toward 4GLs, because they provide the easiest way of creating applications and maximizing the use of databases," says Cobb.

Making 4GLs acceptable to vendors and users alike is the fact that most of the effort put into the application is for production, rather than program flow and control. Cobb maintains that procedural languages waste time in setting up program flow and speculates that 4GLs yield a 5-to-1 productivity advantage.

**Company requirements differ**

Due to the increasing trend toward decentralized databases, companies such as The Standard Oil Co. of Ohio, are seeking ways of using data existing on different machines at different locations. "We are developing internal standards on how the data is to be accessed and used," says Teri B. Kozsey, SOHIO's senior information consultant. Consequently, SOHIO wants a DBMS that allows easy generation of application code but that eliminates the need to change the database file structure.

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**Fifth generation is in hardware**

Not all database innovations are in software. Hardware database support systems are taking database management systems to the next, or fifth, generation.

A new approach—the side-by-side processor—has been developed by start-up company, ACCEL Technologies Inc., San Diego. Rather than provide another complex computer to handle database tasks, ACCEL's method provides a sorting engine that works alongside the main processor.

Dubbed the Database Accelerator, this side-by-side processor combines technology with patented data-rearrangement techniques. The Database Accelerator handles data in much the same manner as a floating-point processor manipulates numbers.

According to company president Walter Foley, most databases are powerful, but they tend to be slow, especially when it comes to sorting data. He contends that even with large system-memory arrays and fast storage, the I/O bottleneck can bring most systems, including the Digital Equipment Corp. VAX series of minicomputers, "to their knees."

The ACCEL product offloads the sort burden and presents ready-to-process, rearranged data back to the general purpose computer in seconds. For example, a 5M-byte, 2,000-line item-inventory file can take as much as 12 to 16 minutes on a Data General Corp. MV8000 but only 10 to 20 seconds on the Database Accelerator, claims Foley. Thus the main processor can spend its time processing data and presenting it to users, rather than sorting it.

The ACCEL sorting processor links to the main processor via the Ethernet local area network. Software patches to the sorting software are required to pass the data, via Ethernet, to the ACCEL system. Once the data is sorted, it is returned via the same path, only in ordered form.

The Database Accelerator costs from $23,000 to $51,000, depending on memory configuration, and can handle up to 5M bytes of main memory.
Other companies are looking for the same thing. Most users say they are interested in flexibility in size of records, the ability to have multiple data volumes and easy applications generation. Generally, most agree that 4GLs offer the solution. The question is which 4GLs. “We’re trying to minimize the risk—we want what will do the job for a long time,” stresses Kozsey.

Not classified as 4GLs, but serving much the same purpose, are database products that allow database definitions, reports and multiple-file links to be created via a menu system.

One such product is Power-base from PowerBase Systems Inc., New York. Using a series of menus, database structures can be quickly created along with desired input screens. Additionally, users can define how reports, including mailing labels, are to be formatted.

Also, Power-base links multiple database files, a function not easily implemented in most databases, or with 4GLs for that matter. With most DBMS software, this requires the joining of two databases and determining entry points (e.g., key fields). The associated code can be cumbersome, and providing multiple associations to more than one database can be difficult.

Power-base uses the menu-selection method to establish links, so that multiple files can be used to create detailed records. For example, in a customer record file the first database may only hold the name and address information; the next database, details about purchases; and a third, product information. The linking key becomes the company name, or a customer number. Each record in the database can have many different links, depending on the need.

Even with numerous DBMS innovations already in place, there are still more possibilities on the horizon. The advantages offered by 4GLs and products such as Power-base will expand so that even the most complex applications can be created by non-programmers.

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NEW PRODUCTS
SYSTEMS

Eileen Milauskas, Assistant Editor

AT-COMPATIBLE SYSTEMS EMPLOY 80286 CPU

- 256K-, 640K-byte memory
- 1.2M-byte disk storage
- 9-, 25-inch screen

Five new microcomputer systems, two of which are transportable, claim IBM Corp. PC-AT compatibility: Compaq Computer Corp.'s Deskpro 286 and Portable 286; Corona Data Systems Inc.'s Corona AT Transportable (ATP), NCR Corp.'s PCS; TeleVideo Systems Inc.'s TeleVideo AT and Zenith Data Systems Corp.'s Z-200 Advanced PC. Targeted toward multiuser, multitasking business applications, the systems come in two basic storage configurations and range in capacity from 256K to 640K bytes.

Although all five systems incorporate Intel's 80286 microprocessor, the TeleVideo AT and the Deskpro and Portable 286 operate at 8 MHz, a processing speed one-third faster than the PC-AT. The remaining systems run at 6 MHz, as does the PC-AT. All models run without any modification software written for the PC-AT. They vary, however, in the type of operating systems used. Both the ATP and the Z-200 models come with Microsoft's MS-DOS version 3.1 operating system. As a single-user system, the PCS uses the proprietary NCR-DOS 3.1 operating system. For multiuser applications, it works with XENIX. MS-DOS version 3 and BASIC are offered as options on the Portable and Deskpro 286; MS-DOS 3.1 and GW BASIC are optional on the TeleVideo AT.

Basic disk-storage configuration for all systems consists of one 1.2M-byte floppy disk drive, with the exception of Corona's model ATP-6-QD, which comes with an additional 360K-byte floppy disk drive. The enhanced ATP-6-Q20 model comes with one 1.2M-byte floppy disk drive and one 20M-byte Winchester disk drive. Storing 512K bytes of system memory, it also includes a PC-AT-compatible hard disk controller. The PCS, with 256K or 512K bytes of main memory, offers an optional 20M-byte hard disk drive in addition to its half-height, 1.2M-byte floppy disk drive.

Model I of the Portable and Deskpro 286 provides 256K bytes of RAM. Model II of both delivers 640K and 512K bytes, respectively, and adds 20M- and 30M-byte hard disk storage capacities. The TeleVideo AT, with 256K bytes of system memory on its model I, offers 512K bytes of main memory and a 20M-byte hard disk drive with model II. The 512K-byte Z-200 incorporates an internal, 20M-byte hard disk drive.

All system monitors, whether optional or standard, support text and graphics. The 9-inch and optional 12-inch, green or amber, dual-mode monitors that come with the Portable and Deskpro 286, respectively, produce 720-by-350-pixel text and 640-by-200-pixel graphics on the same screen. The TeleVideo AT's 14-inch, non-glare screen supports 640-by-200-pixel resolution as well as 640-by-400-bit-mapped graphics. The 9-inch, green monitor displays text-on-graphics overlay, reverse video, underline, blinking and high intensity through 640 by 400 pixels. The ATP comes with a color/monochrome video graphics card. A color monitor attaches to the system via a jack. PCS options include a 15-inch monochrome or 14-inch, 16-color monitor each with 640-by-400-pixel resolution. The Z-200 offers a choice from the company's line of 13-inch to 25-inch monitors.

The least expensive PC-AT-compatible system, in its basic configuration, is the TeleVideo AT, priced at $3,395 for model I and $4,795 for model II (1). The basic PCS costs $3,795; the enhanced version (2), $5,505. The Z-200 sells for $3,999 without the internal hard disk drive and $5,599 with the drive (3). The Deskpro model I (4a) costs $4,244 without the monitor and $4,499 with it; model II costs $5,999 without the monitor and $6,254 with the monitor. The Portable 286 (4b) costs $4,499 for model I and $6,299 for model II. Prices for the ATP are $4,500 for model I and $5,500 for model II (5). Compaq Computer Corp., 20555 FM149, Houston, Texas 77070, (713) 370-0670; Corona Data Systems Inc., 275 East Hillcrest Drive, Thousand Oaks, Calif. 91360, (805) 495-5800; NCR Corp., Dayton, Ohio 45479, (513) 445-2075; TeleVideo Systems Inc., 550 East Brokaw Road, San Jose, Calif. 95112, (408) 971-0255; Zenith Data Systems Corp., 1000 Milwaukee Ave., Glenview, Ill. 60025, (312) 391-8949.

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Disk drives store 20M bytes
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- 804 tpi

Achieving an average access time of 80 msec, the models TM362 3½-inch and TM262 5¼-inch hard disk drives provide 20M bytes of formatted capacity. Both drives employ a closed-loop head-positioning system. Using two 3½-inch plated disks with a sputtered carbon overcoat, the drives incorporate the ST412/ST506 interface. Transferring data at 5M bps, the units achieve an 804-tpi track density. A recording density of 14,335 flux reversals per inch is obtained via the modified frequency modulation recording method using 612 recording cylinders. Power consumption is 14 watts. $300, model TM362, model TM262. Tandon Corp., 20320 Prairie St., Chatsworth, Calif. 91311, (818) 993-6644. Circle 301

Removable cartridge drive suits IBM PC
- 10M-byte capacity
- 5¼-inch
- ST506/412 interface

A half-height, 5¼-inch, removable cartridge disk drive for the IBM PC, the MS212 holds 10M bytes of formatted storage. The cartridges use carbon-coated, thin-film, sputtered media to reduce susceptibility to contaminant failures. The drive, employing a closed-loop, servo system, includes an on-board microprocessor that accepts single or multiple buffered seeks. Average access time is 98 msec; transfer rate is 5M bps. Recording at 556 tpi and 10,700 bpi on two surfaces, the unit attains a MTBF of 10,000 hours. $640, Q1,000. Micro Storage Corp., 2986 Oakmead Village Court, Santa Clara, Calif. 95051, (408) 986-0770. Circle 302

Subsystem includes 130M-byte hard disk
- Five expansion slots
- 10M-bps transfer rate
18-msec access time

Integrating five IBM PC-compatible expansion slots, a 130M-byte hard disk drive and a 69M-byte, ¼-inch, cartridge tape drive, the Super Qicstor-Plus subsystem accesses data in 18 msec and transfers data at 10M bps. Streaming-tape backup is file-oriented. IBM PC-AT-compatible, the system functions as a file server on LANs such as the IBM PC Network, 3Com EtherSeries, Corvus Systems' OMNINET and Proteon Inc.'s ProNET. $10,595. Alloy Computer Products Inc., 100 Pennsylvania Ave., Framingham, Mass. 01701, (617) 875-6100.

Circle 303

**Systems back up**

**60M, 100M bytes**

- Streaming-tape
- ¼-inch
- Backup/restore options

Backing up a 10M-byte hard disk in two minutes, the Excel Stream-100 and Excel Stream-60 ¼-inch, streaming-tape backup systems hold 100M and 60M bytes, respectively. Backup/restore options include image backup/image restore, image backup/file-by-file restore and file-by-file backup/file-by-file restore. Because the Stream-100 uses a QIC-02 controller, the system can be moved between personal computers. The Stream-60 offers universal data interchangeability, automatically aligning itself to read and write from different tape cartridges. $1,345, Stream-60; $1,895, Stream-100. Everex, 47777 Warm Springs Blvd., Fremont, Calif. 94539, (415) 498-1111.

Circle 304

**Tape systems operate at 90 ips**

- IBM PC-compatible
- Image save/restore
- 90K bytes per second

Transferring data at 90K bytes per second, the StorageMaster model 760 external and model 860 internal ¼-inch, streaming-tape cartridge systems run at 90 ips. Storage capacity is 60M bytes. Using version 2.1 of the proprietary cartridge-tape software, the systems provide image save/restore operations at 5M bytes per minute. An /M option saves only those files that have been modified since the last save operation. Saves can extend to additional cartridges containing a label record with name and description. The systems are compatible with IBM fixed-disk systems and with the proprietary 500 series and model 630 fixed-disk systems used with the IBM PC, PC/XT and PC-AT. $1,795, model 860; $2,295, model 760. Control Data Corp., 11128 John Galt Blvd., Omaha, Neb. 68137, (308) 339-4760.

Circle 305

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**250,000 customers made us do it. The WYSEpc.**

We established a precedent on better than 250,000 desktops with our terminals. So when our customers got ready to include PCs in their plans, they didn't think they should have to settle for less than Wyse style, performance and economy.

We agree. And now you can get the WYSEpc with IBM compatibility in hardware, software and expandability. We've thoroughly tested more than 350 software packages and accessories. It runs even the acid-tests—Lotus 1-2-3 and Flight Simulator—in beautiful Wyse style.

Our price includes dual floppy drives, monochrome 14" tilt/swivel monitor, height-adjustable keyboard, 256K RAM, two serial ports, one parallel port, MS-DOS with GW-BASIC—and more.

There's also an IBM PC/XT compatible model with a 10-Megabyte Winchester disk. A color graphics option is available on either model.

For more information about how much less all this costs from Wyse, call the regional office nearest you.

WYSE

Regional Sales Offices: Northeast (201) 725-5054; Southeast (305) 862-2221; Midwest (313) 471-1565; Southwest (818) 340-2013; Northwest (408) 559-5911; OEM Inquiries (408) 946-7115.

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CIRCLE NO. 77 ON INQUIRY CARD
NEW PRODUCTS
PRINTERS

Printer offers 24-pin printhead
• 200 cps
• Letter-quality
• Seven colors

Serving letter-quality printing needs with a seven-color capability, the ProWriter 24 LQ dot-matrix printer produces 360-by-360-dpi graphics resolution using a 24-pin printhead. Operating at 67 cps for letter quality and 133 cps for memo quality, the unit achieves 200 cps for data processing applications. Throughput rates for the wide-carriage model are 27 lpm, letter quality; 50 lpm, memo quality; and 70 lpm, data processing. Features include a 16K-byte buffer, movable tractor and friction feed, plug-in letter-quality character generation and either a Centronics or RS232C interface. Print characters are provided for 14 languages plus a Greek character set for medical and scientific applications. $1,295. C. Itoh Digital Products Inc., Suite 220, 19750 S. Vermont St., Torrance, Calif. 90502, (213) 327-2110.

Circle 306

Printers meet data-processing needs
• ANSI X3.64 support
• 18-, 9-wire printhead
• 55 dB(a)

Four dot-matrix printers operating at a 55-dB(a) noise level, emulate the Diablo 630 protocol, support IBM PC graphics and the ANSI X3.64 protocol and provide serial and parallel interfaces. Employing an 18-wire printhead, the model 3320/ Quiet achieves letter-quality print-
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New Products
Printers

Printer combines daisywheel, dot matrix
- 140 cps, dot matrix
- 36 cps, daisywheel
- Bidirectional

Employing a dual printhead, the Twin­riter 5 printer permits letter-quality text printing with a daisywheel printhead and near-letter-quality, draft and graphics operation with a dot-matrix printhead. Using 16½-inch, maximum-width paper, the unit offers a choice of six bit-image densities for graphics. Print speed is 36 cps in daisywheel mode and 140 cps in dot-matrix mode with a 9-pin printhead.

Spooler connects five devices
- Z80A processor
- 64K-byte buffer
- 9,600 baud

Employing the Z80A microprocessor, the Data Manager multiple-device spooler links five systems providing RS232 ports with one printer; the printer appears dedicated to each computer. Offering 64K bytes of buffering capability, the spooler sends data asynchronously at 9,600 baud. Each incoming device is handled independently and data is distributed in the first-in-first-out (FIFO) method. $795. Intek Manufacturing Inc., 726 Charcot Ave., San Jose, Calif. 95131, (408) 946-9041. Circle 310

Printer handles multiple forms
- 400 cps, data processing
- Automatic sheet feeder
- 240-by-240-dpi graphics

The model 8250, color, dot-matrix printer allows semiautomatic loading of continuous forms and cut sheets. Offering an automatic sheet feeder and demand document capability, the unit switches from data-processing mode on continuous forms to word-processing mode on cut sheets in 30 seconds. Print speeds are 400 cps in data-processing mode with 150 lpm; 100 cps in near-letter-quality mode and 50 cps in letter-quality mode. At 240 by 240 dpi, the printer produces graphics at 10 ips. It can store seven job formats for future recall. The bidirectional, logic-seeking unit operates at a 55-dB(a) noise level and features a 16-digit LCD. $2,650. Dataprod­ucts Corp., 6200 Canoga Ave., Woodland Hills, Calif. 91365, (213) 887-8451. Circle 311
Computer users are demanding additional input devices from you. Key Tronic can help you meet the demand for these input devices, and minimize your development costs.

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NEW PRODUCTS

TERMINALS

Graphics terminal offers Tektronix emulation

- 128K-byte memory
- VT100, VT220 emulation
- Four display formats

Providing 128K bytes of memory for multiple pages of off-screen scrolling and graphics, the GP-29 graphics terminal achieves 1,024-by-500-pixel and 512-by-250-pixel resolution. Compatible with the Tektronix 4014 graphics display terminal, the unit is capable of zoom, pan, area-fill, area-move, arc-drawing and area-erase functions. Multiple images can be stored in off-screen memory. In text mode, the terminal emulates DEC VT100 and VT220 terminals, with four standard column-by-line display formats: 80 by 24, 80 by 49, 132 by 24 and 132 by 49. An off-screen memory feature stores 75 pages of text that can be scrolled on screen. $1,695. Northwest Digital Systems, P.O. Box 15288, Seattle, Wash. 98115. (206) 524-0014. Circle 312

Monitors suit IBM PC, PC/XT

- 14-inch, color
- 17-inch, monochrome
- Dot addressability

A 640-by-240-dot-addressable color monitor for the IBM PC and compatibles, the Quadchrome II displays 16 colors as well as 25 lines by 80 characters on a 14-inch screen. Controls include brightness, contrast and vertical hold. For the IBM PC or PC/XT, the Quadscreen offers a 17-inch, monochrome screen displaying 10,240 characters. Spreadsheet and split-screen functions provide two 64K-byte screens of memory. Features include IBM PC DOS and BIOS compatibility, set determination, dot addressibility, software and flicker-free controller board. $599. Quadchrome II: $1,995. Quadscreen. Quadram Corp., 4355 International Blvd., Norcross, Ga. 30093. (404) 923-6666. Circle 313

Graphics terminal displays 64 colors

- DEC VT100-compatible
- Tektronix 4010-compatible
- 1,024 by 1,024 pixels

Suiting applications requiring fast image transfers, the model 6120 color graphics terminal achieves 1,024-by-1,024-pixel resolution. Displaying 64 colors simultaneously from a palette of 264,000, the unit includes pan, zoom and polygon-fill graphics commands. It is DEC VT100- and Tektronix 4010-compatible. A direct-memory access port sends and receives information. $5,875. Intecolor Corp., 225 Technology Park, Norcross, Ga. 30092, (404) 449-5961. Circle 314

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Put these new 10½" and 8" Fujitsu drives into your existing design, and with only minor changes you'll significantly increase your system's performance and capacity.

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We've expanded both our 10½" and 8" disk drive lines with two new maximum-performance models. They set a high-speed SMD (HSMD) standard for data transfer - 2.4 Megabytes per second!

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INTELLIGENT BUFFER ENACTS  
MULTIPLE OPERATIONS 

- 128K bytes 
- 19.2K baud 
- 68008 processor 

An intelligent print and communications buffer, the Transet 1000 enables a personal computer to perform multiple tasks simultaneously. Using an RS232 or Centronics-compatible port, the unit sends or receives data via a modem while directing a printer to produce hardcopy. It comes with 128K bytes of memory and incorporates a 68008 microprocessor with 32K bytes of ROM.

Operating at up to 19.2K baud, the Transet 1000 supports XModem or XON/XOFF protocols. Communications features include time-date stamping, overflow control and dynamic memory allocation. A "24-hour mailbox" feature includes a log-on message feature and options for sending, scanning and printing mail. The unit performs space compression, pagination, automatic page numbering, format control, collated printing of multiple copies and time dating.

Two serial ports and one parallel port are offered. Two printers or a printer and a modem can be connected to one computer port. Alternatively, two computers can be connected to the Transet 1000 and share a single printer. Ports are reconfigurable via front-panel switches, ASCII commands or menu-driven software provided by a utility disk offered separately. The unit is priced at $399. Hayes Microcomputer Products Inc., P.O. Box 105203, Norcross, Ga. 30348, (404) 449-8791.

again. We’ve set another standard in disk with a new, high-speed SMD interface.”

actuator technology as our previous designs. Plus the same SMD interface.

Both models offer expanded storage capacity as well. The new M2361 Eagle provides 689 Megabytes and the new M2333 "8" drive has 336 Megabytes. And you can stack four of the 8" units in a standard 19" rack, providing 1.3 Gigabytes of storage in the space of one 14" drive.

Both units offer fast access (18 and 20 milliseconds, respectively). Both use the same track capacity and controller. And both offer Fujitsu’s field-proven quality, backed by a 20,000-hour MTBF specification.

And to top it all off, they offer you the lowest cost of ownership.

For more information or to arrange for evaluation units on the new 8" or Eagle disk drive, call (408) 946-8777 or write Fujitsu America, Inc., Storage Products Division, 3055 Orchard Drive, San Jose, CA 95134. Fujitsu Storage Products. Maximum Performance. Maximum Quality.

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NEW PRODUCTS  
DATACOMM
When an ordinary computer breaks down, it’s down for the count. Which is however long it takes for someone to come out and revive it again.

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All of which makes the Parallel computer 80 times more reliable than any conventional computer. With a 28-year MTBF.

Our open system means more opportunities.

Of course, we provide all the standard features you require in a computer. Like the power to support 8-32 users. And the ability to expand from 1MB to 8MB of memory and from 84MB to 2.7GB of storage. Along with offering a rich set of industry-standard networking, such as Ethernet, X.25, SNA and a Network File System.

Plus, with Parallel you’re not locked into any proprietary system, because it runs standard UNIX software and provides a standard Multibus interface. And you can count on your existing UNIX applications to keep working all the time, without modification for our ultra-reliability.

Now on-site service is a thing of the past.

Parallel just didn’t stop with an ultra-reliable computer. Instead we’ve taken a long overdue step by embedding the service right into the architecture of the computer.

Quite simply, we’ve done away with the need for on-site service. Which instantly does away with the cost and headaches that go along with it.

If something does go wrong with a Parallel computer, the system automatically diagnoses and isolates the problem, then signals the user.

Your customer just gets the replacement part, usually overnight, and installs the part himself. All in a matter of minutes. It’s so simple that it requires absolutely no tools. And no specialized training.

Of course, the system is up the entire time, with no data loss.

Naturally, this means more opportunity for you. Because you can sell Parallel computers to just about anyone, just about anywhere.

An unparalleled five-year warranty.

With other computers, the best you can offer your customers is a 90-day warranty. But when you sell them any computer in the Parallel family, you can give them something no other manufacturer can match. A five-year warranty. Because we believe a Parallel computer is everything we say it is. And then some.

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What’s more, the economics will let you make more money with Parallel than with any other supplier. In fact, two to three times as much.

So just imagine the success you’ll have selling a Parallel computer. A powerful system that won’t break down. Won’t lose data. Doesn’t need on-site service. And doesn’t cost your customers any more. It can earn you more profit and it can make you the quality leader in your market. With a competitive advantage no other manufacturer can come close to.

So fill out and return the attached coupon or call us directly at (408) 429-1338. We’ll give you all the data on how you can offer your customers the most reliable, most self-sufficient computer available. Unless you think they’d prefer to be down and out.

Parallel Computers, Inc. 3004 Mission St., Santa Cruz, California 95060.
Program transfers binary files
- MS-DOS compatible
- Error-correction reports
- ASCII protocol support

Ptel, a binary-file-transfer program for MS-DOS-compatible systems, allows an IBM PC, PC/XT, PC-AT or compatible to transfer binary and ASCII files to other network systems. Files can be uploaded or downloaded from electronic bulletin boards or moved among different operating systems. The program includes the Modem7 and XModem protocols with cyclic redundancy check. Menu-driven, it supports Kermit and ASCII protocols and operates in VT102 terminal-emulation mode and originate and answer mode. Requiring 90K bytes of memory, the program handles 9,600-baud transmission speeds and supports Bell 103 and 212A and Racal-Vadic formats. Reports of error correction, blocks transferred and time-to-completion for files being uploaded or downloaded are provided. $195. Phoenix Computer Products Corp., Suite 220, 1416 Providence Highway, Norwood, Mass. 02062, (617) 762-5030.

Circle 317

Package aids Pascal programming
- Cross-referencing
- 80 or 132 columns
- DOS 2.0 requirement

A set of four Pascal programming tools, PASCALPAC runs under DOS 2.0 on the IBM PC, PC/XT and PC-AT. X-REF generates a cross-reference table of all symbols in a program except Pascal-reserved words. It facilitates debugging and locates misuse of program variables. It lists an ASCII file in either 80- or 132-column widths with headings on each page. The headings contain the file name, the date and time of the listing and the page number. X-RAY, an interactive program for browsing through the output of the cross-reference program, displays both the Pascal file and the cross-reference file in separate regions of the screen. X-PEEK allows the programmer to browse through any text file. $195. Major Software, 66 Sylvian Way, Los Altos, Calif. 94022, (415) 941-1924.

Circle 318

Terminal emulator transfers files
- Tektronix, DEC emulation
- ASCII file transfer
- Zoom facility

As a graphics terminal emulator, the SmarTerm 4014 software package enables an IBM PC to be used as a Tektronix 4010, 4012 or 4014 terminal. As an intelligent text terminal, it offers DEC VT100, VT102 and VT52 emulation as well as TTY mode. Text is displayed in 132 columns, like the VT102, by offering horizontal scrolling within an 80-column window. Transferring ASCII or binary program or data files between the IBM PC and host computer system, the package provides two "error-free" protocols, the proprietary PDIP and XModem. A Zoom facility magnifies or compresses graphics images while a Picture Replay feature allows these images to be captured on a disk during a session and redrawn off-line. Graph-Mode controls include standard line drawing with written or dark vectors, write-through mode, point plotting, vector line formats and incremental plotting. Alpha Mode offers optional processing of character size and spacing commands. The software requires 256K bytes of memory, PC DOS 2.0, one double-sided disk drive and an IBM Color Graphics adapter and 80-column monitor or a Hercules graphics adapter and monochrome monitor. $225. Persoft Inc., 2740 Ski Lane, Madison, Wis. 53713, (608) 273-6000.

Circle 319

Package offers 150 application programs
- Bit-mapped graphics
- File transfer
- Multitasking capability

Requiring 128K bytes of memory on the IBM PC, PC/XT, PC-AT and compatibles and supporting a monochrome or color monitor, Desqview multitasking software runs 150 application programs without modification. The software
NEW PRODUCTS
SOFTWARE

transfers data between programs such as word processing or spreadsheets and offers bit-mapped graphics support allowing graphics programs to be viewed in separate windows. An integrator feature incorporates multitasking capabilities that permit the operation of a communications program or the printing of files, while working on another program. Compatible with IBM's Program Interface Files which allow application programs to work with IBM's TopView software, the program supports both keyboard and mouse commands interchangeably. A telephone auto-dialer comes with the package. $99.95. Quarterdeck, 1918 Main St., Santa Monica, Calif. 90405, (213) 392-9851.

E-Z-DOS-IT™ gives you concurrent processing in only 8K of RAM.

Unique, E-Z-DOS-IT™ Concurrent Processing Software lets your PC wear several different hats at the same time—and it operates on only 8K of RAM. With E-Z-DOS-IT, your IBM PC, PC/XT, or PC/AT can run your choice of background tasks while you continue to work at the screen. No waiting, because your single-tasking PC now behaves like two or more PCs. And E-Z-DOS-IT is compatible with the most popular software and hardware on the market today.

To find out more about E-Z-DOS-IT, or to order directly, call toll-free:

800/228-9602
In California, call 800/423-5592
Ask for operator #14.

LaserJet to Macintosh
• Three modes
• 75, 150, 300 dpi
• Prevents word collisions

Compatible with Macintosh application software and supporting the 128K, 512K and XL Macintosh computers, Laserstart software interfaces the Hewlett-Packard LaserJet printer to the Apple Macintosh computer. Laserstart is installed only once on application disks where it modifies the printer drivers for support of the LaserJet printer. The modified printer drivers run transparently when printing. In Macintosh Standard printing mode, the LaserJet prints text and graphics at 75 dpi; in Macintosh High printing mode, the printer produces text and graphics at 150 dpi. In Macintosh Draft printing mode, Laserstart uses the LaserJet printer's cartridge fonts for 300-dpi, high-speed and letter-quality printing. The software automatically selects the LaserJet cartridge font providing the best match to the Macintosh font's spacing, point size, character style, stroke width and typeface and prevents word collisions and extra spaces between words. $95. SoftStyle Inc., Suite 205, 7192 Kalanianaole Highway, Honolulu, Hawaii 96825, (808) 396-6368.

CAE package designs ICs, PCBs
• Graphics editor
• Hardware compiler
• Post processor

The CT2000 CAE design system for use with the IBM PC/XT and PC-AT aids the design of integrated circuits and printed-circuit boards. It includes a fully implemented version of the structured computer-aided logic design (SCALD) tools. The software consists of a structured graphics editor for schematic entry and design capture, SCALD hardware compiler, netlist post processor, hard-copay post processor, cross-reference generator, firmware compiler and component libraries. $5,200. Case Technology Inc., Suite 250, 633 Menlo Ave., Menlo Park, Calif. 94025, (415) 322-4057.
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The most powerful line of computer systems made. Gould PowerNodes™ and CONCEPT/32s™ Any way you slice it they beat the VAX™
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Only Gould computers have a big enough edge to ax the VAX.
Controller supports ST506/412 interface

- Programmable formatting
- Implied, overlapped seeks
- Automatic error retries

Handling up to two 3½- or 5¼-inch fixed disk drives, the OMTI 3100, SCSI-compatible, controller board serves the ST506/412 interface. Through one-to-one interleaving, the board transfers data on the SCSI bus at 1.3M bytes per second. A 2K-byte buffer with three independent ports allows simultaneous transfers between Winchester and the host bus. A programmable formatting feature formats disk block size for 256, 512, or 1,024 bytes per sector. Features include automatic error retries, multiblock data transfer, implied and overlapped seeks, automatic head and cylinder switching and programmable interleaving. Data integrity is ensured through 32-bit error-correction code, automatic retry, bus parity checking and automatic media handling protocol. $219, Q10. Scientific Micro Systems Inc., 339 N. Bernardo Ave., Mountain View, Calif. 94043, (415) 964-5700. Circle 323

Board offers color graphics

- Keysaver function
- 64K to 640K bytes
- IBM PC-compatible

The Gold Quadboard, a multifunction board for the IBM PC, comes with 64K, 384K or 640K bytes. RAM-expandable in 64K-byte increments, it enables I/O expansion via a parallel printer port and an RS232C serial port. Capable of RGB, RGBI and color-composite output, the board is IBM PC color graphics-compatible. A keysaver feature holds 8K bytes of keystrokes in battery-powered memory and stores data for later use or restores data that has been destroyed or contaminated. $595, 0 bytes; $620, 64K bytes; $795, 384K bytes; $995, 640K bytes. Quadram Corp., 4355 International Blvd., Norcross, Ga. 30093, (404) 923-6666. Circle 324

Coprocessor board works with IBM PC-AT

- 68000 CPU
- 16, 32 bits
- Two serial ports

Pro68, a coprocessor board for the IBM PC, PC/XT and PC-AT, or compatible systems, consists of a 16/32-bit coprocessor and fits into an IBM PC bus slot. Employing the 10-MHz, 68000 microprocessor, the board contains two serial ports, a real-time clock, provisions for the National Semiconductor 32081 math processor chip, a 32-bit expansion bus interface connector and a custom dual-port, no-wait-state IBM PC bus interface. Memory is configurable with 256K, 512K or 1,024K bytes of parity-checked memory and is expandable to 3,072K bytes via a piggyback expansion board. It runs under Digital Research’s CP/M-86 or Microware’s OS9/68 operating system. Applications include UNIX and 68000 software development, scientific processing, parallel processing and number crunching. $1,195, 256K-byte version; $1,495, 512K-byte version; $1,895, 1,024K-byte version. Hallock Systems Co., Inc., 267 N. Main St., Herkimer, N.Y. 13350, (315) 866-7125. Circle 325
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CIRCLE NO. 84 ON INQUIRY CARD
NEW PRODUCTS
SUBASSEMBLIES

2-D or 3-D modeling applications. It holds 512K bytes of display memory and uses three Intel 8-MHz MCS microprocessors. Windowing, split-screen and zoom capabilities are supported. The model MIB II 864/40 handles the conversion of analog information into digital signals, to be stored or manipulated by a processor. It includes a 12-bit, 20-kHz analog-to-digital converter with programmable gain control, 16 differential or 32 single-ended analog input channels for data acquisition, 16 digital I/O channels and 32K bytes of static RAM. $3,000, MIB II 867/E; $2,350, MIB II 864/40. Micro Industries, 691 Greencrest Drive, Westerville, Ohio 43081, (614) 895-0404.

Circle 326

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CIRCLE NO. 85 ON INQUIRY CARD

SBC suits Multibus applications

• 16M-byte addressing
• 512K-byte RAM
• 80286 CPU

Based on the 80286 CPU, the Multi 286 Multibus-compatible single-board computer (SBC) addresses up to 16M bytes of physical memory and 1G byte of virtual memory. It comes with 512K bytes of dual-ported RAM, upgradeable to 1M byte. Features include 16K to 128K bytes of ROM space with diagnostics and loader-debugger; numeric processor extension; four programmable, multiple-protocol, serial I/O interfaces; Centronics-compatible parallel interface; 5/4- and 8-inch controllers; 16 levels of vectored interrupt control and counter timer. $3,500. Future Data Systems Inc., 5432-B Production Drive, Huntington Beach, Calif. 92649, (714) 898-3000.

Circle 327

Multifunction board provides ECC

• IBM PC-AT-compatible
• Zero wait state
• 15M-byte buffer

A fault-tolerant, multifunction board for the IBM PC-AT, ECCCELL offers error-correcting code (ECC) operation via 2-bit error detection and 1-bit error correction per 16-bit word. A read-modify-write capability corrects the memory cell after error detection. Storing 128K to 1.5M bytes on the main board and 512K to 2.5M bytes on the daughter board, the unit is expandable in 64K- or 256K-byte increments. Split-memory addressing allows two start addresses. Features include parallel printer port, asynchronous serial port, zero-wait-state capability, disk caching, print spooling and virtual volumes—a utility that splits the hard disk drive into several independent volumes. $595. Orchid Technology, 47790 Westinghouse Drive, Fremont, Calif. 94539, (415) 490-8586.

Circle 328
If you’ve been seeking a profitable partnership, this coupon has a lot of redeeming value.

It’s your ticket to the AT&T VAR program, a chance to get in on the ground floor and profit from a major contender that is gathering momentum. AT&T has a flexible, high-performance product line that will be adding to your bottom line for years to come. With AT&T backing it, you’ll be glad to be their partner, long after all of those fly-by-night operations have folded.

When you sign up with AT&T, here’s how your future takes shape. AT&T Account Executives will work with you to share sales leads generated by our comprehensive computer marketing program. The products you’ll be selling will be backed by a national advertising program. And a co-op advertising program will enable you to reach your customers in your markets with your own message. Promotional materials and trade show support are also included.

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Supplement covers data security

“Computer Security Issues & Answers” is a 24-page magazine supplement containing eight articles. The articles cover planning, computer-crime prevention, society’s responsibility for data security, legal aspects, software security and disaster recovery. Computer Security Institute, 43 Boston Post Road, Northborough, Mass. 01532, (617) 845-5050.

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Multi micro shipments to show threefold jump

Dollar-value shipments of multiuser microcomputer systems are expected to grow from $3.9 billion in 1985 to $12.5 billion in 1990, according to a new study by Venture Development Corp. (VDC), Natick, Mass. The 1990 figure will represent a compound annual growth rate of 24.6 percent per year.

Although multiuser microcomputers have long been a part of the computer industry, single-user local area network-based personal computers have overshadowed the multiuser systems. However, increased need to share data, software and peripherals has created a new level of interest in the less-expensive, more efficient multiuser microcomputers, says VDC.

A lack of standardization in LANs will also contribute to the growth of multiuser systems. According to VDC's study, since an IBM Corp. token-passing LAN will not be available for a few years, multiuser system manufacturers will benefit from a general reluctance to purchase networking equipment before the IBM LAN is available. Moreover, connecting personal computers by LANs is expensive, inadequate and lacks user friendliness, the study says.

Multiuser microcomputers should enjoy a larger market share than network-based personal computers through 1990. Nevertheless, personal computer LAN shipments are expected to increase from $250 million in 1984 to $4.6 billion by 1990. Fueled by the proliferation of personal computers and IBM's token-passing LAN for office environments, personal computer LAN shipments will eventually catch up to, and surpass, multiuser microcomputer shipments, says VDC.

Low cost, innovation spur letter-quality market surge

Revenues for letter-quality and near-letter-quality printers will grow at a 32 percent compound annual rate over the next few years, yielding a $13.6 billion market by 1988, according to a recent report from Frost & Sullivan Inc., New York.

Spurring this growth, says the report, is stiff competition and recent technological innovation. These factors also will lower prices of letter-quality and near-letter-quality printers, prompting increased sales, say the analysts.

A survey done in conjunction with the report cites print clarity as the most important factor considered by users of letter-quality printers, followed by ease of repairs, endurance and price.

Although Frost & Sullivan forecasts tremendous growth for the letter-quality and near-letter-quality printer markets, the report warns there are a number of outside forces that could affect the prediction. For one thing, the market for printers may have "temporarily" stopped growing while buyers wait to see what printers will be the most popular before deciding on the model they will buy.

Interest Quotient (Circle One)
High 495 Medium 496 Low 497
ACROSS
1 Undergraduate degree
4 Thick head of hair
7 Topology type
11 You and me
12 Near-copy of computer
13 Trick
14 Wound mark
15 Mini-Micro World
17 Problem
18 Prefix meaning "on the outside"
20 Re _____ let you start over if paper jams
22 Dot in Morse code
24 Had a meal
27 Loss of precision
28 Create many records with similar keys
31 Married woman's title
33 Awful computer event
35 Seventh Greek letter
36 Alternative to external device driver
38 Remember information
39 Thousands and thousands of years
40 Army rank below master sergeant (Abb.)
43 Sudden sensation of pain
46 Ink color computer companies hate
50 Information that goes into or out of computer
52 Entry in an account
54 Made a false statement
56 Speaks earnestly
57 Musical note
58 It performs photosynthesis
59 Tint
60 Data processing (Abb.)

DOWN
1 Wires connecting different sections of computer
2 Binary code for letters of alphabet numbers and other symbols
3 43,560 square feet
4 CRT
5 The number every company aspires to
6 Church seats
7 Transmit-receive (Abb.)
8 Massages computer surfaces
9 Electrostatic units (Abb.)
10 Electroencephalograms (Abb.)
16 Compass direction of NYC from Syracuse, N.Y.
19 Make very thirsty
20 Transfer to another section of storage
21 Communications software lets you _____ into data bases
22 Transfer to another section of storage
23 Dry run
25 Clear
26 Binary digit (Abb.)
28 Was radiant
29 Wine sediment
30 Powder
32 Impermanent computer memory
34 It accepts, keeps and recalls instructions
37 Screen computer displays data on
41 Set of columns in punch cards
42 Storage for information unit
43 Tree yielding thick, white fat
44 Paid commercial announcement
45 Speed of data transfer from one computer to another
47 Magnetic storage medium

Solution will be printed next month.

Answers to July's puzzles can be found on Page 148.

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In 1985, Mini-Micro Systems readers in the value-added market will spend over $61.7 billion on minicomputers, microcomputers, peripherals, software and supplies. This 23% increase over last year's planned expenditures reflects a marketplace that has rapidly become the key distribution channel for marketers of minicomputer and microcomputer products.

The 14th Annual Mini-Micro Computer Market Report tracks projected spending trends and key growth areas. Market data highlights sales potential in product categories including:

- Software
- Computer Graphics
- Data Communications
- CRT Terminals
- Disk Drives
- Tape Drives
- Printer/Plotters
- Computer Supplies

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The extensive, detailed tables, based on responses from value-added OEMs, value-added resellers and value-added users, include:

- 1984 expenditures for minicomputers, microcomputers, peripherals, software and supplies.
- 1985 planned expenditures for minicomputers, microcomputers, peripherals, software and supplies.
- Type of organization (value-added OEM, value-added reseller, value-added user.)
- Geographical breakdown.
- Minicomputers/microcomputers currently in use by
  - Vendor name and model number
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<td>212 LP ........ $295</td>
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